Professional and Business Cards.

GEO. W. ROSE, CARPENTER AND CONTRACTOR, WILMINGTON, N. C.

CO-PARTNERSHIP NOTICE. & D. DuPRE, Wholesale and Retail Druggists / AND APOTHECARIES, Wilmington, N C. May 9th, 1853 C. DoPre. D. DUPRE, JR.

S. M. WEST, UCTIONEER and Commission Merchant,

D. C. FREEMAN & HOUSTON, Wilmington, N. C., FREEMAN & CO., New York, D. C. FREEMAN & CO., New York, MERCHANTS AND FACTORS. MILES COSTIN.

JAS. C. SMITH & CO., OMMISSION MERCHANTS, have removed their ofpied by the Telegraph Company, where they are prepared to attend to all business in the Commission line. All business entrusted to them will be puctually attended [Jan. 20, 1854. B. F. & A. J. GRADY.

ROCERS AND GENERAL COMMISSION MER-CHANTS, Wilmington, N. C.
Liberal cash advances made on consignments of Naval Stores and other produce.

Office on North Water Street, next door North of the JOSEPH L. KEEN,

CONTRACTOR AND BUILDER, respectfully informs the public, that he is prepared to take contracts in his line of business. He keeps constantly on hand, Lime, Cement, Plaster, Plastering Hair, Philadelphia Press Brick,

FIRE BRICK.
N. B. To Distillers of Turpentine,—he is prepared to put up Stills at the shortest notice. [May 20—37-1y WHOLESALE and Retail Druggist, and Dealer in WILLIAM H. LIPPITT, W Paints, Oils, Dye Stuffs, Window Glass, Garden Seeds, Perfumery, Patent Medicines, &c. &c., corner of Front and

Market-streets, immediately opposite Shaw's old stand, Wil-C. MYERS,

MANUFACTURER and Dealer in Hats, Caps, Umbrellas, and Walking Canes, of every description, whole sale and retail, North side Market-street, Wilmington, N. C J. M. ROBINSON, MPORTER and Dealer in Hardware, Iron, Stoves, Nails, &c., Front-street, 3 doors South of Market, Wil-

INSPECTOR'S NOTICE. THE Subscriber has received the apointment of Inspector of NAVAL STORES, and solicits business from those having it in his line.

JAMES I. BRYAN. 208-1w-37-tf

W. H. McKOY,
HOLESALE AND RETAIL GROCER AND FOR-WARDING AND COMMISSION MERCHANT, SOUTH WATER STREET, 6 doors below Market. Particular attention paid to the sale of Naval Stores

Liberal advances made on consignment. Wilmington, N.C., Nov. 2d, '53.

shipment of all kinds of country produce.

Fil may be found at the store recently occupied by GRADY & MONK.

ders can be addressed to C. DuPre & Co., or to the sub-

Corn Ground on Toll. T. SMITH & CO. April 18, 1854

DAVIS & BUNTING, TOMMISSION AND FORWARDING MERCHANTS, North Water st., WILMINGTON, N. C. Feb. 20.--25-tf.

INSPECTOR OF NAVAL STORES AND PROVISIONS, Wilmington, N. C. The subscriber having been
elected Inspector of Naval Stores and Provisions, in the
Town of Wilmington, at the December Term of the County
Court of New Hanover County, will give prompt attention
to all business in that line entrusted to him.
Dec. 22, 1854—16-tf

N. F. BOURDEAUX.

up their establishme ing all kinds of Riding and For twelve months
They solicit a share tender their acknown heretofore received.

May Isth, 1854 N. F. BOURDEAUX,

be well furnished, to all who may call on them.

JAMES ORRELL,

Nov. 24, 1854—12-tf

G. W. CROOM. Nov. 24, 1854-12-tf

C. I. OATES' HOTEL, WARSAW, N. C.

C. I. OATES' HOTEL, WARSAW, N. C.

To the Traveling Public.

THE subscriber begs leave to return his thanks to the public for former patronage, and asks the continuance of the same. He assures them that there shall be no pains spared in making them comfortable—that his House shall be equal to any on the Wilmington & Ralegh Railroad. Also, a Livery, with a sufficient quantity of provinder, at all times—with good Hacks and Horses, for the accommodation of passengers, from Warsaw to Fayetteville, or any other place to which they may wish to be carried, in C. I. OATES.

the State.

Warsaw, August 14th, 1854 291-1t-50-tf TO TRAVELLERS AND OTHERS. THE undersigned has now completed arrangements, whereby he is enabled to convey PASSENGERS from MARLS-ILLE DEPOT, on the Wilmington and Raleigh Rail Road, to LONG CREEK, in New Hanover county. Fare

et Provender,) to keep Honses for any length of time.— Price 60 cents per day. Those who may leave Horses with him, may rest assured they will be well cared for. TAINMENT for his friends and others, who may favor him

12 miles from Wilmington, August 5, 1853.

G. W. CROOM,

INSPECTOR OF NAVAL STORES, Wilmington, N.
C. Prompt attention given to the sale and inspection to all given to him in care. Office on Water Street, opposite dall's and Nutt's Buildings.

MARBLE, STONE AND SLATE YARD IN WILMINGTON. The Will MINGTON.

WHE subscriber respectfully notifies the public that he has recently established in this town, a new MARBLE, STONE and SLATE YARD, and is now prepared to fill all orders for Monuments, Tombs, Furniture and Plumbing

Also, all kinds of Marble for building purposes. Also, fil kinds of Marole for building parpole.

Also, Flagging and Curb Stone.

Blue, Green and Variegated Slate for fire-proof roofing furnished at reasonable rates.

Orders attended to with dispatch, and on moderate terms.

Marble Yard on Water street, near the Railroad. W. G. MILLIGAN. TO TURPENTINE MAKERS!

Wilmington Journal.

AWEEKLY NEWSPAPER:—Devoted to Politics, the Markets, Foreign and Domestic News, Agriculture, Commerce, and General Information.—TERMS: \$250IN ADVANCE

VOL. 11. WILMINGTON, N. C., FRIDAY MORNING, APRIL 20, 1855. WWW. NO. 33.

General Notices.

BLACKSMITHING. THE Subscribers would respectfully inform the citizens of Wilmington and surrounding vicinity, that.
having in their employ at their NEW ESTABLISHMENT, the most skillful workmen to be obtained in the
country, they are prepared to furnish TURPENTINE
MAKERS, at the shortest notice, with WOOD'S CELEBRATED ROUND SHAVES, and FARMERS with
PLOWS of any and all discriptions of gracies adaptation PLOWS of any and all discriptions, of superior adaptation to SOUTHERN AGRICULTURE, to any thing of the kind ever imported from the NORTH. HORSE SHOE-ING DONE IN THE VERY BEST STYLE.

Wilmington, N. C.

L. WOOD & CO. Jan. 12th, 1855-19-6m North Water Street.

CLEAR THE TRACK. HAVE just returned from New York with a large and A extensive assortment of goods of almost every description admirably adapted to town or country trade, all of which will be sold very low either at Wholesale or Retail. Country Merbe sold very low either at Wholesale or Retail. Country Merchants wishing to purchase small stocks, or persons wanting goods by the piece, would find it to their advantage to give me a call before making their purchases elsewhere, as I am determined to sell, if I can get a chance; my stock consists of Dry Goods, Hats, Boots and Shoes, Hardwere and Cutlery, Hollow Ware, Crockery, Glass and Stone Ware, Saddlery, Nails, Grooeries and Provisions of all kinds. Come and see for yourselves.

A. B. McCALEB.

Nov. 3d 1854

WILMINGTON MARBLE AND STONE YARD. THE subscriber having accepted the agency of several large establishments at the North, which will furnish him with no unlimited supply of finished or unfinished for-eign or domestic MARBLE of all qualities, is prepared to fill all orders for MONUMENTS AND TOMB-STONES—and every-other article in the line of the business, at reasonable SCULPTURING, LETTERING, or CARVING, execu-

ted as well as can be done either North or South.

The best of reference can be given if required.

March 10 1854—27-tf JAMES McLARANAN.

\$ 7 00
150 00
150 00
150 00
THE Subscribers manufacture and keep on hand a large as sortment of Bells suitable for Churches, Academies, Fac-150 00 tories, Steamers, Plantationl, etc., mounted with their Improved Hangings, the most efficient in use. Their establishment has been in operation Thirty Years, having turned out nearly 10,000 Bells averaging 600 lbs. each; and its patterns \$3 to 5 00 and process of manufacture so perfected, together with recent improvements, that its Bells have an unequaled reputation 50 cts. to 1 00 for volume of sound and quality of tone. They have just on hand. Every ion. Teeth inMedal) of the World's Fair in New York, over all Bells from this Country or Europe. Having a large assortment of Bells on hand, and being in immediate connection with routes in all directions, either Rail Road, Canal or River, and but 4 hours from New York, we can execute orders with dis-May 19, '54.—37-12m West Troy, Albany Co., N. Y. FOR SALE.

inform their friends and the public that they make to order FRENCH BURR MILL STONES, warranted to be of the best quality, being made from Burr Blocks of their own importation from the best quarries in France. They also keep for sale COLOGNE, ESO also keep for sale COLOGNE, ESO and COLOGNE, ESO and COLOGNE, ESO insurance of \$1,000 on the dwelling house, in the N. C. Multan lawyrance Company. A CONVENIENT TWO-STORY DWELLING MILL- tual Insurance Company. For further particulars, enquire of Feb. 17.—24-tf] WM. H. LASPEYRE.

> \$50 REWARD. RUNAWAY from the subscriber, on 4th January, 1855, his negro man ISRAEL, and his wife "KATY," with their three children. Israel is about 47 or 48 years old, copper-colored, 5 feet 8 or 9 inches high, and well proportioned, has lost one of his upper from teeth, and walks with his toes rather turned in. "Katy" is reasonably tall wall proportioned, dark color has lest two of

against John Walton, Jr., in favor of Fulton & Freek date. If 16th March, 1853, and one Note against John A. Freekwater, of Onslow county, for about \$\frac{2}{50}\$, (date not recollected,) together with several unreceipted accounts against sundry persons in Onslow county. The makers of the above Notes are forewarned against paying the same to any person except the subscriber or Fulton & Price. The ander will be suitably rewarded by delivering the Book and contents at the Journal "office.

Nov. 9th, 1854

CARRIAGE MANUFACTORY AT CLINTON N. C.

THE subscribers respectfully inform the citizent purchase Timber Carriage. With one of these carriages, one boy can load the heaviest sticks, and it requires but with iron Axles, and of as good materials and with as much care as our best Carriages, and warranted to give satisfaction. Timber getters will do well to examine our Timber Carriages.

Orders directed to us, or left with J. Chesnut, Kenansville, or T. C. & B. G. Worth, Wilmington, will receive prompt attention.

DIBBLE & BROTHERS,
Kinston, Jan. 29th, 1855.

BOARDING HOUSE. JAS. O. BOWDEN informs the public that he will, in a few days, open a Boarding House at the Depot of the Wilmington & Weldon Railroad, for the accommodation of Boarders by the day, week or month. His prices will be as reasonable as the times will afford. His table will be supplied with the best the market affords. He solicits a share of the public patronage, assuring those whe may give him a call that no efforts will be spared to render satisfaction.

March 2, 1855.

26-3m

FRANKLIN HOTEL.

WILMINGTON, NORTH CAROLINA.
THE SUBSCRIBERS having taken chare of the Franklin thotel, near the Rail Road Depot, beg leave to inform the public that their Table and Rooms shall furnished, to all who may call on them.

JAMES ORRELL, G. W. CROOM.

C. I. OATES' HOTEL, WARSAW, N. C.
To the Traveling Public.
E subscriber begs leave to return his thanks to public for former patronage, and asks the conce of the same. He assures them that there be no pains spared in making them comfortable—that muse shall be equal to any on the Wilmington & Ralams and the power of the same.

NOTICE.

Harrell's Store, Nov. 11., 1854

CARRIAGES.

THE subscriber continues to manufacture every variety of Buggies; also, light Carriages, which for neatness, strength and durability, are warranted equal to any sold in structed of public generally are invited to examine my structed of hown or sawed timbers, 8 by 10 inches, with the stock before purchasing elsewhere.

Feb. 9—23-tf.

WAGONS.

I HAVE now, and shall constantly keep on hand, the very lost of the manufacture of wagons. All persons in want of good Wagons may now depend on getting them confortable—that ways of the above kinds of work. Repairing done as usual.

Feb. 9—23-tf

NOTICE.

NOTICE.

Will be received until the 1st day of May next, for building a Jail for Onslow County, in the town of Jackson-ville, of the following plan and dimensions:

37 feet long by 23 feet broad, 93 feet in the clear of the story, to be constructed of hown or sawed timbers, 8 by 10 inches, with the story, to be constructed of hown or sawed timbers, 8 by 10 inches, with the story, to be former part long by 23 feet broad, 93 feet in the clear of the story, and 83 feet in the clear of the story, and 83 feet in the clear of the story, and 83 feet in the clear of the story, and 83 feet in the clear of the story, and 83 feet in the clear of the story, and 83 feet in the clear of the story, and 83 feet in the clear of the story, and 83 feet in the clear of the story, and 83 feet in the clear of th PROPOSALS

| The by he is enabled to convey Passengers from MARLS | Like Depot on the Wilmington and Raleigh Rair | Root, to Long Creek, in New Hanover county. Farmington, to Long Creek, the Long Creek, in New Hanover county. Farmington, to Long Creek, the Long Creek, the Long Creek, the Long Creek, in New Hanover county. Farmington, to Long Creek, the Long Cre ing, every fifth joist to dovetail in the outter wall and trun-nel, and the remainder to abut against the outter wall, and rest upon the wall plate on the brick work—the whole surface of this floor to be covered with good sheet iron of best quality, and nailed down with wrought nails, over which a floor of 2 inch plank is to be laid and spiked to the log floor— the walls of the cell to be laid on the floor and framed the same as the outter walls—in each cell 2 windows and one door, located as shown in drawings—the door to be the same as the outter door, of good solid plate, set in an iron frame 6 teet 8 inches high, and 2 feet wide—the doors and windows to be secured in the same manner as the outter ones.

merit and continue to receive a liberal share of public patronage.

The highest CASH prices given for good Beef Cattle.

Jan. 5, 1855.

RESH from New York, per Schr. W. H. Smuth, 25 bbls.

FRESH from New York, per Schr. W. H. Smuth, 25 bbls.

Gov. Java Coffee; 200 bags Table Salt; 5 hhds. of prime Yellow Sugars; low for cash, at

April 6, 1855.

GEO. H. KELLEY'S.

do be secured in the same manner as the outter ones.

The cells to be furnished with privies, one pit for the cell on lower floor immediately under partition wall, 9 feet deep and 4 feet square on the inside; walls of brick, 12 inches thick, and ventilated by tin pipes 3 by 5 inches square passing through the roof; also, a pit of the same size for the upper cells, to be reached by pipes, each to have a separate ventilator, the inside wall of each cell to be covered with sheet iron the same as the floor, and stripped with 1½ by 3 inch strips 16 inches apart, and spiked on to the walls; the whole of the interior to have two good coats of plastering. MONEY WANTED.

THOSE indebted at the Hat Emporium, will please call and settle their Bills, or settle when called on, as funds are necessary for the continuance of business.

Respectfully,

C. MYERS.

LIGHT BUGGIES.

Inch strips 16 inches apart, and spiked on to the walls; the whole of the interior to have two good coats of plastering, and immediately over; and in connection with the side walls agirder, 8 by 10 inches, to run the entire length of the building, and dove-tail and trunnel to the outter walls; the cells to be 12 by 10 feet on the inside.

The second-stery to be in every respect similar to the lower one, and accessible was a girder, and spiked on to the walls; the whole of the interior to have two good coats of plastering, and immediately over; and in connection with the side walls are increased.

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The second-stery to be in every respect similar to the lower one, and accessible was a girder, 8 by 10 inches apart, and spiked on to the walls; the whole of the interior to have two good coats of plastering, and immediately over; and in connection with the side walls are increased.

Drugs, Medicines, Paints, Oils, &c.

JUST RECEIVED.—10,000 lbs. White Lead, Pure, Extra and No. 1; 1,000 lbs. Black Lead, in Oil; 1,000 lbs. Venetian Red, in Oil; 1,000 lbs. Yellow Ochre, in Oil; 25 bbls. Blake's Fire Proof Paint; 40 bbls. Silver's Plastic Paint; 10 bbls. Linseed Oil; 5 bbls. Lamp Oil; 5 bbls. Common Oil; 5 bbls. Machinery Oil; 400 lbs. Chrome Green, Dry and in Oil; 200 'bs Chrome Yellow, Dry, and in Oil. A full assestment of PALNTS always on hand and for sala. A full assortment of PAINTS always on hand and for sale, wholesale and retail, by

Nov. 1

W. H. LIPPITT,

Druggist and Chemist. wholesale and retail, by

1,000 BOXES Window Glass, assorted sizes and brands, for sale at Manufacturer's prices, by WM. H. LIPPITT, Druggist and Chemist.

200 OZ. Sulph. Quinine; 10 bbls. Epsom Salts; 1 cask litz Mixture; 10 lbs. Rochelle Salts; 50 lbs. Gum Opium; 50 lbs. Gum Guaiacum; 1 bbl. Gum Camphor; 500 Black Pepper; 300 Alspice; 50 lbs. Calomel; 50 lbs. Nutmegs; 25 lbs. Calomel; 50 lbs. Nutmegs; 10 lbs. Sulph Petper; 100 lbs. Sulph Petper; 10 lbs. Iodid Potass; 50-lbs. Mace; 10 lbs Sulph. Potass; 100 lbs. Rhubarb; 50 lbs. Ipecac. For sale wholesale and retail, by Feb. 23.]

W. H. LIPPITT, Druggist and Chemist

TUST RECEIVED FROM PHILADELPHIA:-1 case Sulph. Quinine; 50 ozs. Calomel;
10 ozs. Sulph. and Acetate Morphene;
25 ozs. Cinchonia; 5 ozs. Salarine;
25 ozs. Blue Mass; 10 ozs. Chloroform;
19 bbls. Epsom Salts, and a choice collection of Chemicals from the Labratories of Poms & Weightman and Chas Ellis. For sale cheap at

C. & D DuPRE'S,

Ellis. For sale cheap at C. & D. DuPRE'S,
June 10] Drug and Chemical Store, Market-st. OILS! OILS!!—Just Received a fresh supply of Lin-oils. For sale by W. H. LIPPITT, Draggist and Chemist.

JUST RECEIVED FROM BALTIMORE & PHILA-DELPHIA. 25 bbls. Silver's Fire Proof Paint, all colors; 20 casks Spanish Brown; 10 do. Venetian Red; 5 do. Yellow Ochre. For sales by C. & D DuPRE, June 10. Druggists & Chemists, Wilmington, N. C.

Schools.

GOLDSBORO' FEMALE COLLEGE. THE third Session of this Institution commences on Wed-The taird Session of this institution commenced in the 3rd of June, 1855, and ends on the 3rd of June, 1855. Rev. JAS. H. BRENT, A. B., President. Dr. Morgan Closs, late of Chapel Hill, Prof. o. Mathematics.

And a full corps of Teachers in every branch.

Board, including Washing, Lights, Fuel, &c., per
session.

Tuition in Primary Department, Collegiate Department, \$20 00
One hundred dollars will cover all expenses of the session in the Collegiate course and all ornamental branches.
Pupils in primary department charged the usual price for ornamental branches. One half payable in advance.
Three Lectures on scientific subjects will be delivered each just and practical could be conceived by an Arab,

We are making every effort to render the School the first in advantages and cheapness, and pledge to reduce prices, and multiply the advantages in proportion to the increase of pat-ronage. When our number of pupils reaches 200 we shall ronage. When our number of pupils reaches 200 we shall be able to reduce the prices nearly one half; every one aiding us, is also aiding in placing the means of a superior education within the reach of almost every girl in the State. We return thanks for the unexampled support we have had and believe it will be continued. For further information apply to the President of the faculty, or myself.

WM. K. LANE,

WARRENTON FEMALE COLLEGE.

Rev. Thomas S Campbell, President and Prof. of Ethics and Mathematics.

Rev. William H. Christian, A. M., Prof. of Physical Sciences William H. Christian, A. M., Prof. of Physical Sciences Sciences Sciences Rev. William H. Christian, A. M., Prof. of Physical Sciences Rev. William H. Christian, A. M., Prof. of Physical Sciences Rev. William H. Christian, A. M., Prof. of Physical Sciences Rev. William H. Christian, A. M., Prof. of Physical Sciences Rev. William H. Christian, A. M., Prof. of Physical Sciences Rev. William H. Christian, A. M., Prof. of Physical Sciences Rev. William H. Christian, A. M., Prof. of Physical Sciences Rev. William H. Christian, A. M., Prof. of Physical Sciences Rev. William H. Christian, A. M., Prof. of Physical Sciences Rev. William H. Christian, A. M., Prof. of Physical Sciences Rev. William H. Christian, A. M., Prof. of Physical Sciences Rev. William H. Christian, A. M., Prof. of Physical Sciences Rev. William H. Christian, A. M., Prof. of Physical Sciences Rev. William H. Christian, A. M., Prof. of Physical Sciences Rev. William H. Christian, A. M., Prof. of Physical Sciences Rev. William H. Christian, A. M., Prof. of Physical Sciences Rev. William H. Christian, A. M., Prof. of Physical Sciences Rev. William H. Christian, A. M., Prof. of Physical Sciences Rev. William H. Christian Rev. William Rev. William

iterature.

Mrs. S. D. Christian, Teacher of French.

Vincent Czurda, Prof. of Music.

Miss B. Bockins, Assistant in Music.

Miss A. E. Royall, Teacher of Painting and Drawing.

Miss Sue Bockins, Teacher of Needle-Work.

Miss Martha Davis, Principal in the Primary Department.

Mrs. Thos. S. Campbell, Matron.

Mrs. Thos. S. Campbell, Matron.

A regular and thorough course of study has been adopted in order to graduation, and no efforts will be spared to promote the moral and intellectual welfare of the students. Pupils can enter at any time during the Session, and will be charged only

from time of entrance.

 French,
 10 00

 Ancient Languages,
 15 00

 Music on Harp, and use of instrument,
 35 00

 Music on Piano, and use of
 23 00

 Music on Guitar, and use of
 20 00

 Drawing and Painting in water colors,
 10 00

 Painting in oil colors,
 15 00

 Raised and plain Embroidery,
 3 00

 Vertical Embroidery,
 7 50

lars, address the President or Secretary of the Faculty.
WILLIAM H. CHRISTIAN, Jan. 26. [21-tf] Sec. of the Faculty.

TOPSAIL ACADEMY. The course is thorough and extensive, embracing all of the studies required for admission into our University.

TERMS PER SESSION OF FIVE MONTHS.

THE Subscriber offers for sale a fine Stallion, 3 years old,

FASHIONABLE MILLINERY ESTABLISHMENT, scende until its final extinction. Such is the univer-Front Street, next door to the Presbyterian Church.

MISS RAITT, late of New York, would respectfully inform the Ladies that her Spring styles of rich and fashienable MILLINERY is now ready for inspection.

According to the remarkable work of M. le Comfashienable MILLINERY is now ready for inspection.

According to the remarkable work of M. le Comfashienable MILLINERY is now ready for inspection.

icles, will be sold cheap.
Wilmington, March 30, 1855.

RUNAWAY from the Subscriber, on the 31st of October, 1854, a Negro Girl named "TILL." Said negro is about 19 years old, black, speaks low, and has a sour look. She is supposed to be lurking in the neighboarhood of Mr. Alexander Henry's or Mr. Wm.

The Zouaves : their Origin, Organization, Charac-American readers of the narratives that reach us rom time to time of the progress of the war in the

Crimea, have probably been puzzled to know who are the Zouaves, who are so often mentioned in the French military dispatches. The following article, which we translate from L'Illustration, a Paris paper, will enlighten them : The Zouaves appear determined to consummate in

the East the renown they have obtained in Africa. They are named in the first rank in the official dispatches; private letters delight to recount the prowess of these soldiers, whom they proclaim the first in the world. They already have their Suetonessis, who describes them angling from the rocks of Balaklava, whilst awaiting the day of assault. The former repeat their bon mots and sketch their manners and habits. Some of the English correspondents glorify their gallantries with the Tartar dames, and announce their triumphs among the volatilities of the basse cour, as not less successful than their execution of the polka to the piano of some fair Russian

All this, be it known, amply justifies the soft cog-nomen of Suaves, under which these liberally culotted heroes like to disguise their official denomination. This is merely the affair of a Z. But matters are ouaves became the lions of the Orient! It is only their due amid the concert of applauding voices. I just ask the reader if he knows the origin of this now amous corps, and if he can tell the signification of the name of Zouaves? As I suppose him to be very imperfectly, or not at all, informed on these two coints, I am going to let him know what I have learned from certain historical documents of French Algeria. I have before me a confidential manuscript report, addressed on the 14th of August, 1830, to Marshal Bourmond by the Lieutenant-General of Police attached to the Algerine expedition. This report informs the general-in-chief that an Arab named Hadj Aprachman Kenni, doubtless Abd-er Rahman, has offered to the French authorities, under the title of Auxiliaries, a corps of two thousand nathe most valiant and faithful soldiers of the regency. The author of the proposition sustained it by a complete plan of organization. Here is the outline of it, and the reader will be surprised that ideas so

scarcely a month after the taking of Algiers. There were to be five officers to one hundred men, and the project thus designates them: Two corporals, dressed to an eminent foreigner, now in that city, by two sergeants, one lieutenant, one captain, and a su- a Russian friend, residing in St. Petersburg. The perior officer, whom Abd-er Rahman calls major of Bee says it may be 'regarded as entirely authentic :' five hundred men, qualified as a general, but who should rather be styled colonel.

among the Algier Turks we find the following de- all Russia; for the death of such a man is a blow that nomination: Chief of ten, chief of fifty, chief of a not only strikes his own country, but resounds from hundred, chief of five hundred, chief of a thousand. | the shores of the whole world. In my last letter I officers only will be mounted. Each man will have ing from day to day, for we were unwilling to accustwo summer suits, and one for winter. For sammer, tom our hearts to an idea which our minds were intwo vests, two pair of pantaloons of white linen, and capable of conceiving. The last days of the Czar one pair of shoes. For winter, a sort of cloth cloak, are a whole century in the history of Russia, and will an undershirt, and a waistcoat of red cloth with blue never be forgotten by those who witnessed them .-

The corporals will be distinguished by two stars, ropean powers, and predicted the future with the acin silk, on the breast. The sergeants will have these curacy of one who looks far beyond the present. stars mingled with gold and silk; the lieutenants will "England," said he, "has reached her culminating wear the same, in silver; the captains in gold.— point either for life or death. There is no middle Nothing is decided as to the distinctive insignia of point for her to pursue. One thing alone may save the superior officers.

tains, seventy francs.

Vocal Music---No charge.

Payments, one half in advance, and no deduction for absence after entrance, except in cases of protracted sickness.

The cars from Raleigh, Petersburg, and Weldon pass the Warrenton Depot daily, where an Omnibus is always waiting on their arrival to convey passengers to the village, which is but three miles distant from the Depot. For further particular, and the proposition of the Faculty.

In a form of service and discipline will be and darken the star of Napoleon forever. I have offered him my hand, the hand of reconciliation, but armed with a musket, a pair of pistols, and an Algerian and St. Helena upon England. Short-sighted twenty men will be entitled to an Algerian tent.—

There will be for the whole corps two secretaries, two offered him my hand, the hand of reconciliation, but armed with a musket, a pair of pistols, and an Algerian and St. Helena upon England. Short-sighted man, who seeks to avenge the sins of the fathers upon the children? As for Germany, Austria, and Proposition of the children is the proposition of the children in the children is the proposition of the fathers upon the children is the proposition of the fathers upon the children is the proposition of the fathers upon the children is the proposition of the fathers upon the children is the proposition of the fathers upon the children is the proposition of the fathers upon the children is the proposition of the fathers upon the children is the proposition of the fathers upon the children is the father of the proposition of the fathers upon the children is the father of the proposition of the fathers upon the children is the father of the father of the proposition of the father of

Feb. 16, 1855.

The Trustees have made arrangements for the accomodation of any number of Boarders, during the Spring Session, to commence the 1st of March. Board and Tuition, one half in advance. Apply immediately to the obedience of the vanquished. Some of their authenticity. tribes, among them the Beni Kheli, have never paid tribute to the Turkish honor of being destined to Weighing 1100 pounds. Any person wishing a good Stock Horse would do well to call and see him. He is pronounced by impartial judges, and men who are judges of horses, to be one of the finest horses ever raised in Duplin County.

D. T. BONEY.

The station of being destined to overthrow the French power in Africa. The fatal blow, say they, will be struck near a village of the tribe of Beni-Iraten, called Adni. We are to advance as far as there, but there we are to be beaten, and as far as there, but there we are to be beaten, and from that day the fortunes of France are to be decre-

fashienable MILLINERY is now ready for inspection.

Orders from Ladies in the country strictly attended to and executed at short notice. An early call and patronage is solicited.

A large lot of new TRIMMINGS, and various fancy articles, will be sold cheap.

Wilmington, March 30, 1855.

mandant Carte, the confederacy of Zouaou comprises two hundred and one villages, and a population of ninety-four thousand souls, being the most populous group of all the Jurjural. Such are the people who volunteered as auxiliaries of France on the very day after our conquest. It was natural that their name after our conquest. It was natural that their name in the Commonwealth. The honor of the State is ly friend.

Robeson's, on upper Black River.

The above reward of ten dollars will be paid for her delivery to the subscriber, or for her confinement in any jail in the State that he can get her; and an additional reward of fifty dollars will be given for the conviction of any white person of harboring said negro.

H. H. NEWKIRK.

March 23d, 1855 The consequence narring located himself at Black River, and settle their Bills, or settle when called on, as found you have a fast the site known as Eastly's Bridgs, is prepared to prehabe Turpenline delivered at his landing, at Windings of the continues of business. Respectfully.

Respectf

Per Square of 10 lines or less-cash n advance.

de des

Advertisements ordered to be continue Jon the insid harged 371 cents per square for each insertion after the firs Advertisements, upon which the number of insertion not marked, will be continued until ordered out, and charge 25 cents per square for each insertion.

No advertisement, reflecting upon private charrete can, under ANY CIRCUMSTANCES, be admitted.

Although the corps of Zouaves was mostly compos ed of natives, some French and foreigners were admitted. Toward the end of 1832, the two battalions were consolidated, and an order of 7th March, 1833, placed it on the regular basis. Of the twelve companies forming the battalion, but two were French; each native company, however, could admit twelve French soldiers, but foreigners were absolutely excluded. The corps filled its vacancies by vulunteers, and French from other regiments were received. The natives were enlisted for only three years, the French under the usual regulations of the service.

By a royal ordinance issued 25th December, 1835, the Zouaves were newly divided into two battalions, commanded by a lieutenant-colonel, and each composed of four native and two French companies .-The costume adopted was nearly the same as that recommended by Abder Rahman, but the officers were allowed to retain the French uniform; some of them adopted the Turkish costume, but either that it embarrassed their movements, or that they experienced some mortification in having renounced the national habit, they resumed their uniform. This is to be regretted, for the dress of the Zouaves is infinitely more elegant and picturesque, in fact prettier, than the tunic, the straight pantaloon and the shako of our infantry. The natives, at least the Arabs, who prefer nightily altered by a single letter. Hear how the for the Kabyles, from motives of policy artfully adthe cavalry service, withdrew from the Zouaves; as dressed to them by Abdel Kader, they were diverted from the course they had so eagerly taken, and the corps of Zouaves has finally come to be composed almost entirely of Frenchmen, among whom figure a good number of Parisians.

All the world has heard of the immense services performed by the Zouaves in Africa. In every expedition they have always been stationed in the post of danger. Not an opportunity of distinction have they refused, but rather most gloriously profited by every one of them. Hence a soldier who seeks rapid promotion, conquered at the sword's point, endeavors to enter the Zouaves.

Without enumerating the throng of distinguished officers formed in this brilliant school, from the corps of Zouaves have come the Generals Duvivier, Latives. This troop was recruited entirely among the Zouaves, and Abd-er Rahman recommends them as Rounder, Cavaignac, L'Admirault, Carrobert, and Cavaignac, Cavaigna Bourbaki, names which plainly tell what place in the military history of French-Algeria is due to this valiant corps.

(Signed) FREDERICK LACROIX. LAST WORDS OF NICHOLAS ABOUT THE UNITED STATES, ENGLAND AND FRANCE.—The New Orleans

Bee publishes the following passage from a letter, ad-St. Petersburg, Feb. 1855 .- Before my letter reaches you, you will probably have received intelli-This staff was borrowed from Turkish usages, for gence of a loss that will spread a gloomy veil over The corps of Zouaves will serve on foot; the did not dare openly to declare what we were expect-

her, and that is a free confession, not only by the The pay of the privates will be twenty francs per government, but by the whole aristocracy, made to month; that of the corporals, thirty francs; of the the people, that they have been absurd, from first to sergeants, forty francs; lieutenants, fifty francs; cap- last, that the Crown is unable any longer to maintain its power, and that the people must rise and unite The men cantoned near Algiers will receive a together as one man, to save the honor and preserve ration of bread; those detached will receive this the independence of the country. A candid acknowlration in biscuit, with the addition of some beans edgement of the truth may even now save England, if her corrupt aristocracy can be brought to the stool 10 00 giers, which will be their head quarters, and where of confession. France, on the contrary, can maintain herself only by falsehood and deception. The The corps will be divided into four sections of five | Emperor may proclaim to his subjects that he governs 10 00 to transport the detached, every other day, patrols of posts will be detached, every other day, patrols of the charged with traversing the country in maintaining its transport. The form of service and discipline the star of Napoleon forever. I have surgeons, and two paymasters The health officers they would not now exist if I had not saved them will receive sixty francs per month, the secretaries when they crouched at my feet six years ago; they seventy, the treasurer eighty.

We now come to the most remarkable feature of gle between the other nations of Europe. But they THE Spring Session of this Institution will commence this plan. Our Arab says the cost of subsistence of never have been and never will be more than seconthis corps will be obtained from the rents and rethis corps will be obtained from the rents and pro- dary powers, satraps holding authority by the clemducts of the lands, which served for similar purposes ency of my House, or by permission of the Western under Turkish denomination. The Jews, he adds, were subjected to tribute of 40,000 francs per annum, midst of all this ingratitude and villainy, and that is

thority at Bougie, and paid only that tribute they German, by one of the nobles of Courland, residing pleased. Although they recognized the sovereignty in St. Petersburg. From the source whence we reof the Sultan, they abstained from every act implying ceived it, we have no hesitation in guaranteeing its

Speaking out in Meeting.

The corruption and profligacy of the present knownothing legislature of Pennsylvania is becoming apparent to every man in the State; but still we did not think the editors of that pure new party were so willing to acknowledge it. Yet such is the fact, as evinced by the following, clipped from the Harrisburg Item, one of "Sam's" organs:

bartered and sold by a secret conclave, as if they had Marshal Bourmond was favorably struck with the no masters, nor in any way responsible to public project of Abd er Rahman, and adopted it in princiriment, and foreign railroal capitalists are the 'lions'

General Notices.

Coach and Carriage Manufactory-Clinton, N. C.

BOLD ROBIN HOOD respectfully informs the citizens of Sampson county and public generally, he, having recently been partially burnt out, has rebuilt; and his establishment is now in full operation in all its various branches. He is prepared to put up the PATENT SPRING BUGGY, having purchased the rightfor the countries. spring bugger, having purchased the rightfor the county of Sampson; and hopes by strict attention to business to merit a share of public patronage. He warrants all his work to be made of the very best materials, and should any of it fail in twelve months with fair usage, either in workmanship or material, it will be repaired without charge. Persous wishing to buy would do well to call and examine for themselves, as he does not intend to be supposed for style eleselves, as he does not intend to be surpassed for style, ele-

gance and durability.

REPAIRING done in the neatest manner, at short notice. Mill Ink and Gudgeons, made and warranted for ten years, for \$10.
Clinton, May 12 1854-36-tf.

CARRIAGE MANUFACTORY.

Mulberry Street, bween Front and, North Water Streets, Wilmington N. C.

THE subscriber has on hand a large assortment of the latest styles of CARRIAGES of his own manufacture, which he offers for sale at reduced prices: among which may be found—Rockaways and Coachees, with and without patent couplings, Dunam's Buggies, Waggons, Sulkies, &c.; also, all kinds of Harness. Repairing done at short notice, and in the best manner.

Also, Saddles, Bridles, Whips, Collars, Hames, Trunks, Vallices, Carpet Bags, &c.

Break and WILMINGT

The subscribe large establishment of the subscribe large establishmen Purchasers will find it to their interest to call and examine before purchasing elsewhere. Also, all kinds of Carriage Trimmings. ISAAC WELLS.

Wilmington, Feb 3, 1854. THOS. B. CARR, M. D. D. D. S. PRACTICAL DENTIST for the last ten years, charges for 10 or less artificial teeth on fine gold plate.

An entire set of teeth on fine gold plate. on gold, with artificial gums, on Platina plate, with artificial gums, pper or under ditto, each, Pivot tooth that cannot be distinguished from the natural,
A fine gold filling, warranted permanent,
Do. and destroying the nerve, Extracting a tooth,

Best dentifrices and tooth brushes always on hand. Every operation warranted to give entire satisfaction. Teeth inserted immediately after the extraction of the fangs, and remoddeled after the gums have shrunken, without additional

Office on Market-st., 2 doors below the Church.
Wilmington, N. C., April 24th, 1854
195-1m—34-tf FRENCH BURR MILL STONES, WARRANTED.—The Subscribers inform their friends and the public that they make to order FRENCH BURR MILL STONES, warranted to be of PUS and COCALICO MILL-STONES, BOLTING CLOTH and CALCINED PLAS-TER. From the Senior Partner's long experience in the late firm of Egenton, Morriss & Co., of which he was a member, and their determination to give satisfaction, they assure customers their orders shall be faithfully and prompt-

COMMISSION MERCHANT,

WILMINGTON, N. C.

SP Prompt and personal attention given to the sale or

WILLIAM HOGG & SON.

S. E. Corner of North and Centre Sts. opposite the Baltimore & Susquehanna R. R. Depot, Baltimore. June 30, 1854

WARRENTON FEMALE COLLEGE.

T. SMITH & CO.,

DEALERS IN CORN, MEAL, HOMONY PEAS AND OATS, and Gow and Horse Feed,

[BEATTY'S WHARF, NORTH WATER STREET,]

WILMINGTON, N. C.

OUR Steam Grist Mill is now in successful operation. We will have it in our power to deliver the above articles at short notice. We have a 23 horse power engine and shall run two pair of four feet stones.

Griders and be addressed to C. Da Da & C.

Griders can be addressed to C. Da Da & C.

WARRENTON FEMALE COLLEGE.

WARRENTON, N. C.

THE exercises of this Institution were resumed on the 15th above 12 months old; of the other children, one is a low child about 12 months old;

They solicit a share of the custom of the public, and hereby tender their acknowledgements for the liberal patronage heretofore received.

N. FRAZIER, V. RACKLEY,

BOARDI

Hardware Merchant, Wilmington, N.C.,

Is JUST receiving his fall supply of warranted Saws, Axles, Nails, Hollow-ware, Pocket, and Table, Cutlery, heavy plated Table Spoons and Forks, Fine Tea Trays and Waiters, Brass and Common Andirons, Shovels and Tongs; a full ASSORTMENT of the best of Builders' Hardware; Meshanic's Tools of every variety, and warranted of superior quality; Ploughs, Fan Mills, Corn Shellers, Hay Cutters, English, Latin and Greek languages and Mathematics. For further information apply to the subscriber.

N. H. FENNELL.

Secretary Board of Trustees.

Harrell's Store, New Hanover County. None need apply without letters of recommendation of a good moral character, and of his capability of imparting a correct knowledge of the English, Latin and Greek languages and Mathematics. For further information apply to the subscriber.

N. H. FENNELL.

Harrell's Store, Nov. 11.. 1854

ALL persons are hereby forwarned against trespassing up-on the lands belonging to the estate of John W. Hamil-ton, deceased, lying on both sides of the Wilmington & Topsail Sound Plank Road, three miles from Wilmington.

All persons found cutting wood, or otherwise trespassing upon said lands, will be prosecuted with the utmost rigor of the law, and a reward of five dollars will be given for sufficient proof against any responsible man, for having so trespassed.

M. COSTIN, Adm'r.

Feb. 13.

136-3t—24-tf

Machinist and Architect, Harrell's Store, New Hanover Co., N. C. 26-tf

DISSOLUTION. THE Co-partnership hereofore existing under the name of King & McKinnie, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. All persons having claims upon the firm will present them to Mr. King, and all indebted, will pay the same to him. It is necessary that the business of the firm should be closed immediately.

JEREMIAH J. KING. D. F. McKINNE.

J. J KING will continue the Butchering business under his own name, and hopes, by strict attention to the same, to

THE WILMINGTON JOURNAL.

WILMINGTON, N. C., FRIDAY, APRI 20, 1855.

DEMOCRATIC MEETING. A meeting of the Democrats of New Hanover County will be held at the Court House, in Wilmington, on TUESDAY EVENING, the 24th inst., (being Tuesday of Superior Court,) at 8 o'clock, to appoint delegates to represent this County in a Democratic District Convention, to be held for the purpose of nominating a Democratic candidate for Congress, from this District. A full attendance is earnestly requested.

April 4th, 1855 The Meeting Next Week.

A meeting of the Democrats of New Hanover County will be held at the Court House on next Tuesday evening, and a full attendance is earnestly requested. All true Democrats, no matter with what wing or section of the party they may have actedno matter what local divisions or heart-burnings may have existed among them-should meet together on the broad platform of Democratic principle, and work for the maintenance of Democratic measures. It is time now to throw all the talks and animosities of cliques or sections that may have divided our front and weakened our strength.

In every State North of us, the Whig organization has disappeared, or become merged in that of the "Know-Nothing," or so-called "American party;"the contest is finally narrowed down to "Know Nothingism " or Democracy. There can be but two great parties at one time, and these are now the parties .-The new organization is the last form assumed by the Proteous of opposition to Democratic progress. This being the plain and undeniable fact, it is full time that the line should be drawn-a plain issue of strength should be made between the party of Jefferson and Jackson and that of Ned Buntline and Senstor Wilson. A man cannot serve two masters-he cannot obey the oath-bound behests of a secret proscriptive order in opposition to the Democratic party, and pretend to membership in that party, or claim a right to participate in its deliberations. We take it for granted that no honorable man, who has joined the Know-Nothing order, and intends to participate in its movements, will assume to himself any right of interference in the resolves or the action of a Democratic meeting. To take any other view of the matter would be to suppose an amount of duplicity we cannot believe to exist in North Carolina. It must be evident to those Whig gentlemen who cannot bring themselves to submit to the trammels of a secret political party whose Northern affinities are dis-

That the opposition will have a majority in the little doubt. In Maine the K. N. fusion has chosen negative. 5 out of the 6 members, and all anti-Southern; New Hampshire all 3 K. N. and anti-Southern; Vermont | bill so much of the section as imposes a tax on distildo.; Massachusetts 11 K. N's and furious abolition- lers of turpentine, the vote was as follows: ists; Rhode Island 2 of the same stripe; Connecticut 4.do.; New York 29 to 4, the 29 being chosen under K. N. and Fusionist auspices, and all bitterly anti-Southern; New Jersey 4 to 1, under the same auspices and of the same character; Pennsylvania 21 to 4, chosen directly on the K. N. and Anti-Nebraska and Anti-Fugitive Slave Law issues; Ohio 21 K. N. J., and Willey—15. usionists, all bitterly Anti-Nebraska and Anti-Fugiplexion; Illinois 4 to 4, being a drawn-battle between taken the bill as it came from the Commons. Nebraska and Slavery—the K. N's claim the election It will be thus seen that the law passed by very structed Senator Cass to go for a repeal of the Nebras- lation of the last General Assembly.

Now from this exhibit two things are apparent- responsibility of making no provision. one is that the "triumphs" obtained over the Democratic party have been mainly if not wholly at the assumed its most rampant attitude; Missouri is no fair Wise, which was erroneously attributed by the Richexception to this rule, the Lemocrats in that State mond Enquirer to Judge Loring of Cambridge. The being still largely in the ascendant, their failure to Commercial is rather behind the times. The Enquielect their Congressmen being due to divisions in their rer corrected the mistake the next day after it was own ranks, produced by the machinations of Col. made, and the Journal in referring to the letter which Benton and his friends; Delaware is no longer a it copied from the Enquirer, called attention to the Southern State. The other is that the growth of op- letter of Mr. Loring-not Judge Loring. The long position strength has borne an exact proportion to story from a Concord Fusionist paper amounts to this, that of the K. N. order., and both have exactly kept | that at some former time-how many years ago, Mr. pace with the development of opposition to the Ne- Loring had been a whig and abolitionist, but having braska Bill and the Fugitive Slave Law. If, as as- seen the error of his ways has been a supporter of the Dr. W. B. McLean, Lincoln; I. H. Holland, Gaston; serted, the administration has been condemned at administration and an anti-abolitionist. the North, it has been mainly on this issue, and that the astonishing growth of the new organization in that section has been owing, as Theodore Parker, we and West those very religico-political influences think, says, to its concentrating every form of this which were some years ago arrayed in fierce opposianti-Slavery sentiment, grasping them with one big tion to such secret benevolent societies as Masons and fist and shaking them in the face of the Administra- Odd Fellows, are now arrayed in equally fierce sup-

It is for the people of the South - the people is not benevolent-which does not recognize all men of North Carolina-of the Cape Fear section-of as brothers. Ministers of religion, who denounced the county of New Hanover, to say whether they Masonry, are now prominent preachers of Knowwill ratify this Northern condemnation of the Nothingism, and advocates of its secresy and its pro-Democratic party, and the Democratic administra- scription. There is something wrong in all this, out tion, whether the reasons which have operated of which good cannot come. There is something to to bring about that condemnation at the North cast reflection upon religion, upon account of the inare not the most convincing ones for a verdict of consistent and unworthy course of some of its minisapproval at the South. We believe that even at the ters. North this unhappy state of things cannot continue. Its fall will be materially accelerated by the firm attitude of the South.

The practical operations of this new order are now seen and known. It remains for Democrats who have been drawn into its folds, under any misapprehensions, to say whether they will longer continue to work with it, or will give to the Democratic States Rights party an open and frank support.

A QUEER AMBITION .- We read and hear every day of some man who has been so remarkably successful the beauty of the thing. We don't think it makes rett & Co., New York. much difference to a dying man whether he is worth siderable, and enjoy it. What's the use of dying New York.

Monday of next month (May.)

the Standard for an analysis of the votes upon the present Mayor, made her appearance in our waters Revenue Law of the last session of our State Legisla- yesterday, consigned to J. H. Chadbourn & Co., her ture, from which we glean the following facts:

The Bill, originally one of the revised statutes, was, committee on that subject and referred to the joint Finance Committee, consisting of Messrs. Bower, The bill, after discussion and amendment in the com- whom she is named. mittee, was reported to the House of Commons by

Those who voted for the bill, are Messrs, Amis, Badham arringer, Baxter, Black, Blow, Bogle, Bryson, Bullock, J. B. Bynum, J. G. Bynum, A. H. Caldwell, D. F. Caldwell, B. Bynum, J. G. Bynum, A. H. Caldwell, D. F. Caldwell, Cansler, Carmichael, Chadwick, Cook, Craven, Dargan, Dortch, Dunn, Flynt, Furr, Garland, Gentry, Gorrell, G. Green, M. Green, J. H. Headen, Hill, Horton, Houston, Humphrey, Jarvis, Jenkins, Johnson, Jordan, H. Leach, Long, McDuffie, McKesson, Martin, Mears, Mebane, Mordecai, Myers, J. W. Neal, S. J. Neal, Norment, Oglesby, Parks, Patterson, Patton, Phillips, Regan, Roland, Russell, Selby, Settle, Sharpe, Shaw, Shepherd, Sherrill, Shipp, Simmons, Singeltary, Smallwood, Steele, Sutton, Thornburg, Turner, Vance, Waugh, Whitaker, L. Whitfield, N. B. Whitfield, Whitlock, Wilkins, B. F. Williams, C. W. Williams, S. A. Williams, and Yancey—82.

Williams, S. A. Williams, and Yancey—82.

Those who voted against the bill, are, Messrs. A. Barnes, Bryant, Cotten, Daniel, Daughtry, Davenport, Eure, Gilliam, Harrison, A. D. Headen, Jones, Lancaster, Love, Metalliam, Harrison, A. D. Headen, Millan, Mann, Rose, Stubbs, Tomlinson, Watts, G. M. White, J. H. White, T. H. Williams, Winston and Wright

Forty-three Democrats and thirty-nine Whigs in the affirmative, and fifteen Democrats and nine Whigs the expense of concessions at all at war with her nain the negative.

The bill was then sent to the Senate, and debated and amended at some length, but on the 11th of February, but six days before the adjournment, the majority of the Senators, fearing that the whole bill might be lost by the non-concurrence of the House in the Senate's amendments, receded from them, and agreed to the bill precisely as it came from the House. A supplemental Bill introduced into the Senate by passed by the Senate, but failed to be reached in too much prestige "to give it up so." Louis Napo- sent under examination. Lord Palmerston remark-

The following is the vote of the Senate, Saturday,

Those who voted for the bill, are, Messrs. Biggs, Bower, Eaton, Fisher, Freeman, Gilmer, Graham, Graves, Haughton, Jones, Lane, Mitchell, Morisey, Oldfield, Taylor, Tayloe, Thomas of D., Thomas of J., Walker and Wood—26. tasteful to them, that they have but the choice be-tween neutrality and a frank action with the Demo-

Fifteen Democrats and eleven Whigs in the afnext House of Representatives there can now be but firmative, and ten Democrats and five Whigs in the

On Friday, the 9th, on motion to strike out of the

Those who voted in the affirmative, are, Messrs. Speaker Ashe, Biggs, Boyd, Brogden, Cherry, Christian, Clark, Davis, Eborn, Faison, Fennell, Fisher, Fonville, Haughton, Her-ring, Jones, McCleese, McDowell. Morisey, Oldfield, Person, Rayner, Sanders, Speight, Tayloe, Walker, Wilder, Wig-gins, and Wood-30.

Those who voted in the negative are, Messrs. Bower, Cole-

Several Senators voted against the bill because the tive Slave Law; Indiana 9 to 2 of the same com- Senate had receded from its amendments, and had

of the 4 anti-Southern and anti-Democratic members large majorities in both Houses, and that, from an as among their "triumphs"; Michigan 3 K. N. Fu- analysis of the vote, no party capital can be made, sionists to 1 Democrat-this is the State that in- nor any party character given to the Revenue Legis-

ka Bill and the Fugitive Slave Law, which the As we have remarked before, the bill, as it now venerable Senator would not do at the demand of the stands, differs very materially from that reported by K. N. party of his State in temporary control of the Mr. Shepherd, and justice to that gentleman demands Legislature; Wisconsin 2 anti-Slavery Fusionists to that this fact should be borne in mind. For instance, 1 administration : California, a State strongly South- the tax on Turpentine Distilleries, about which a ern in its affinities, 2 administration Democrats; good deal is said, was an amendment made in the wheels, somewhat resembling a velocipede; the mo-Iowa 1 anti-Slavery Fusionist; Delaware 1 K. N.; House. It is also proper to remark that the fact of tive power, residing in the carcase of a big fat goat Florida I Democrat; South Carolina 6 Democrats; any gentleman having voted for the law, on its final was hitched behind, and pushed its own and its tration to 1 Democrat. These are the States in which its features. As in the Senate, amendments were re- evidence that nothing was made in vain, the tenelections have already been held, and they have ceded from and embodied in a supplementary bill. dency of the goat to push with the head being evielected 129 opposition to 31 administration, whereas rather than run the risk of losing the whole bill and dently designed to qualify it for this class of service. there were from these States in the last Congress 104 leaving no provision to sustain the credit and provide administration to 47 opposition. In the last Congress for the exigencies of the State, so in the House, these States gave the Democrats 47 majority, in the gentlemen, unable to defeat obnoxious features in the next Congress they will give the Fusionists 98 ma- bill, or amendments engrafted upon it, preferred to Wilmington and Manchester Rail Road, about eight swallow the bill with all its faults, to incurring the

The Commercial of Tuesday has a long yarn

It is a strange and striking fact that at the North port of the secret order of "Know-Nothings," which

United States Coast Survey.

We are sindebted to the courtesy of the distinguished Superintendent of the United States Coast Survey, Professor A. D. Bache, for a copy of his very valuable report of the operations of the Survey under his superintendence during the year 1853, exhibiting the progress made during that time on the world various sections, embracing the Atlantic, Gulf, and Pacific Coasts.

We find "Temptation, or the Unknown Heiress," as to die worth a million, and so on. We don't see by J. Frederick Smith, a thick 50 cent novel. Gar-

Also, " Ellen Mortimer, or the Beautiful Creole of a million or not. We should like to live worth con- Cuba," by John K. Duer, U. S. N. Garrett & Co.,

Also, from Long & Brother, New York, we have NEW RIVER. - From a notice in another column, it "The Slave of the Lamp," a Posthumous work by will build the Road, it shall be done. will be seen that one hundred shares to the capital Wm. North, an English author, who committed suistock of the New River Navigation Company have cide in New York a short time since. It is not withbeen subscribed by individuals, and that a meeting out interest. The author was evidently a man of John F. Hoke, W. Shipp, H. Cansler and John G. a vessel, name unknown, has been wrecked in Bampof the subscribers is called, to be held on the first education and feeling, and one who thought deeply, Bynum, Esqrs. we are glad to see it. A better day is coming for old strength and earnestness about the book which places

We are indebted to the courtesy of our friends of splendid three masted Schooner, named after our principal owners. Her length on deck is 140 feet 6 inches, extreme length over all 145 feet; breadth of

THE SCHOONER COL. JOHN McRAE.-A new and

at an early period of the session, taken from the beam 31 feet 8 inches; depth of the hold 10 feet 2 inches; Registered Tonnage 411 75-95 tons; carpenters' measurement 460 tons; has a large deck house, Boyd, Wilder, Walker, Gilmer, Clark, Rayner and which still farther increases her capacity for freight. Cherry, on the part of the Senate, and Messrs. Shep. She can stow about forty-five hundred barrels. She herd, Melane, Cansler, Steele, Patterson, White of will draw about 12 feet when loaded. Her figure Bladen, Smith and Long, on the part of the House. head bears a "graven image" of the gentleman after and their result would become the real criterion of

The Col. John McRae was built at Hoboken, New

Mr. Shepherd, and after having been debated at Jersey, of the best materials, and in the most submuch length, altered and amended in many respects, stantial manner, and no pains have been spared to was finally passed on the 29th of January, by the make her in every respect "a good job." We learn that she is owned ten-sixteenths by James H. Chadsixteenth by S. P. Gause, and one sixteenth by David Reed, of Sing Sing, New York. We wish every good fortune to the Schooner-her name-her owners-Captain Bogart, her gentlemanly commander, and to every body else in general and particular. Cost

> THE NEWS FROM EUROPE.-If any one can find any prospect of peace, that person may fairly be presumed to have the organ of hope largely developed. anything occurred to render peace desirable to her at as far as to the approaches of Dalaklava. New ditional honor or her traditional policy. On the other hand France and England have no reasonable ground for being satisfied with their performances in this

war. They have done nothing but mismanage .-They have achieved no important success. The batmain design of the campaign in the Crimea-the capture of Sebastopol-from which they are farther leon could not quit without "glory" and sustain himself in France, nor could England, after the contempin them. The requisite amount of depletion has not generation of men must have its war, and this gener- | State. ation will not forego the immemorial indulgence.

CAPE FEAR AND DEEP RIVER NAVIGATION COMPANY. -Pursuant to notice the Stockholders in the above Company, met this morning at the Court House. In the absence of Col. John McRae, Chairman, of the former meeting, Dr. F. J. Hill was requested to preside. H. A. London, Esq., of Chatham, and A. H. the amount of Stock represented in person or by from its being generally understood that the action of sels for their conveyance. that meeting will be ratified by this, without opposi- tradicted by other papers) that the allies have as braska bill—the Know-Nothing Legislature of Mition. Hon. A. Rencher of Chatham, holds the proxy sented to a truce.

The committee of three, appointed at the meeting in March, to examine the books, accounts, and pecuniary transaction of the Company, from the first submitted a report at considerable length. Pending the question, on receiving that report, some pretty Watson & Son \$10,000. sharp discussion sprang up, arising from personal explanations on the part of gentlemen at different times connected with the the company. We anticipate considerable discussion .- Daily Journal, 19th.

street Wednesday, consisting of a vehicle, or chair on were secretly preparing to follow in two ships already

KILLED. - A negro man belonging to the estate of - Scarboro, S. C., laid down on the track of the miles from town, on last Tuesday night, and was run over by the cars. One of his legs was cut off, which caused him to bleed to death in a few hours after having been brought to town. Coroner Hartsfield North, and in those States in which Freesoilism has about the letter of Mr. George B. Loring to Henry A. held a jury over the body of the deceased yesterday. Verdict in accordance with the above facts.

Rallroad Meeting.

A Railroad meeting of the citizens of the adjoining counties was held in the town of Lincolnton, on the

The meeting was called to order by the temporary appointment of John Coulter as Chairman, and T. T. Slade and V. A. McBee, as Secretaries. A committee was appointed to draw up resolutions

for the consideration of this meeting. Thomas Lowe, Catawba; W. Shipp, Rutherford; Dickson, Cleaveland, R. P. Waring, Mecklenburg. The meeting was then adjourned until half-past twelve o'clock, at which time it was called to order, the committee made their report, recommending the following gentlemen as the permanent officers of the

meeting, and it was unanimously adopted. Dr. W. J. T. Milier, of Cleaveland, President. Richard Rankin, Gaston; John Coulter, Lincoln; M. Smith, do.; J. Wilkins, Rutherford; A. B. Daidson, Mecklenburg, Vice Presidents.

R. P. Waring, Esq., in behalf of the Convention presented the following resolutions, which after being

read, were adopted.

RESOLUTIONS. Whereas, the last legislature passed a bill charsubscription \$333,000 in order to secure said Charter, along the coast.

Resolved, That we the people of Rutherford, Cleavebeing fully impressed with the importance of the enterprise, will use our best efforts to raise the subscription, believing, that if we fail to embrace the present to remain at his residence until the sailing of the opportunity, so generously offered by the State, that packet for Cadiz. will be the last that we shall ever have to improve our condition and derive the benefits that will result to us from having an outlet to the market of the

Resolved, That the Road can will and shall be built and that we will not relax our exertion until subscriptions he raised and the work completed.

Resolved, That we will act in a spirit of harmony and conciliation, that our only rivalry will be to see who can contribute the most towards the furtherance of this great State enterprise, that is not only to develope our resources, agricultural, mineral and manufacturing but will stop the tide of emigration that is draining the State of her best and most enterprising day. population, and will make their section the garden spot of the union.

Resolved, That if enterprise, energy and liberality The meeting was addressed at length and with all the enthusiasm, that a large and deeply interested au-

ARRIVAL OF AMERICA AT BOSTON. Boston April 14.—The America arrived here a 11 o'clock this morning. There is very little news in addition to that telegraphed from Halifax. Her mails

will reach Baltimore on Monday morning. THE PEACE PROSPECT. In reference to the unsatisfactory aspect of the Vienna conterence the London Times writes: "We did not raise our voice against the negotiation ipon a basis which did not include the distruction of Sebastopol, as the previous success of our arms did not warrant us in insisting on a condition which the fortune of war had not yet placed in our hands. But nations of their Northern bretheren, and place upon which has no specie basis. Under President B should the conference be ultimately broken off, the their tickets men who were not tinctured with abo- the whole Island formed one single State, the Fr.

There is, however, one further chance of negotiation, though a faint one. It is not altogether im- fruits of Northern Know-Nothingism, was "proof as but \$17,000,000. During the reign of the Emperor possible that the answer expected from St. Petersburg ay be in the form of some counter project on which discussion may be renewed. We, however, do not and higher law factions in the north, but in the face of the masses has augmented. The circulating pabourn & Co.; four-sixteenths by Edw. Kidder; one- expect that any proposal likely to be put forward at of these facts and the evidence before them, the Or- per-money has reached the immense sum of \$50,000, his time by the Russian government can be regarded gan and Richmond Whig have been laboring zealous- 000. Forged bank notes have been imported in great as practicable or sincere.

success or defeat.

The London Daily News says that according to the most recent communications from Vienna, Lord John Russell is understood to see little or no prospect of peace at present, and expects to return to England ed that any peace made now would be precarious and uncertain.

THE ALLIES HEMMED IN .- The situation of the anything in the last European advices holding out allies in the Crimea is represented in the official journal of St. Petersburg in the following terms :

"The position of the allies is now completely shut in by an enclosure of formidable entrenchments, ex- the whole strength of the party, boys and all, in the the whole annual coffee-crop for his civil list, or Russia has no reason for being dissatisfied with the tending from the great Infantry Camp near the citamanner in which she has sustained herself, nor has del, by the heights of Inkerman along the Tchernay, enty-five thousand which in large figures is emblaz- are obliged to sell their crop to certain privileged visions have joined the army. Grave events are ex-

SIEGE OF SEBASTOPOL .- The Russians' works which they recently threw up in advance of the Malakoff tower are not isolated works, but are part of an advanced line of defense, and consequently it is indispensable for the allies to destroy them. With this its of the brethren, be considered as a fair estimate. while under the administration of President Boyer, it tles of the Alma and Inkerman were not objects in allel from an advanced point on the right, with a and of "the dark lantern set" in the State, and this count of the increasing depreciation of the paper mo. themselves, but merely incidents arising out of the view to form a junction with a corresponding paral- is the mighty party that contemplates the defeat of ney, and the great injury suffered from the usury of lel which is being made on their side by the French. The Russians, also, are actively at work.

GREAT BRITAIN .- Mr. Roebuck's committee coned that there was no part of Admiral Dundas' conduct that did not do him honor.

A motion is on the books for the appointment of February 10, on the final passage of the bill through tible showing she has made, aspire hereafter to the a commission to amalgamate the British and Indian position of a first-class power. The Vienna confer- armies, or at least to render the Indian army available ences are felt to be only a farce even by those engaged in the European war. Another motion asks if it is through rough seas as well as calm. intended to nominate any more bishops for Canada, since the Canadian clergy reserve bill says it is de- for a moment some of the antecedents of Mr. Stan- tyrannical oppression, should not modify his system, been endured, and the world is cantankerous. Each sirable to remove all connection between Church and

The advices from Manchester, England, show an improved business in yarns at the recent advanced and one in which is contained the peace, perpetuity gain their support, there is nothing better to expect prices, especially for water twist. Ship; ers to China and the Continent of Europe are the chief buyers .-Hopes of a better trade with the United States were or 1847, is said to have held the following language, deficient organization of the army, and his personal being entertained, and had an influence on the mar- which would grace the columns of the New York avarice, it is not likely that Souloque will ever venket. The cloth market is reported also more cheer- Tribune, the National Era, the Wheeling Times or ture again a march toward the neighboring Republic ful, owing to hopes of peace. The accounts from any other paper that takes special delight in de- of St. Domingo. Upon paper, the number of the India are not encouraging to trade.

Van Bokkelen, Esq., of Wilmington, Secretaries. The to be advanced to Sardinia, will be immediately rais- said: "The decline of Virginia was not attributable among whom there are at least 200 generals! The Secretaries were appointed a committee to ascertain ed at 5 per cent., charging Sardinia only 4, and re- to the want of internal improvements," AND MAIN- negroes are not so strong and robust as the ancient lieving the market of that amount of its surplus funds. TAINED THAT IT WAS DUE TO NEGRO SLAVERY-ASSER. slave population of St. Domingo, and we have the FRANCE. -It is 59,000 additional troops (not five TING THAT NO COUNTRY CAN BE PROSPEROUS WITH A conviction that a small corps of a few thousand disproxy. The attendance does not appear to be as thousand) that the French Emperor has agreed to SLAVE POPULATION. Know-Nothing Wilson will live ciplined white soldiers, would be perfectly able to large as at the informal meeting last month, perhaps send to the Crimea, if England will furnish the ves-

ARRIVAL OF THE NORTHERN LIGHT.

NEW YORK, April 15 --- The steamer Northern Light arrived here this morning from San Juan, with \$170,900 in specie on freight, consigned as follows: Wells, Fargo & Co. \$50,000; Drexel & Co. \$50,000;

Capt. Brent, of the U. S. army, comes a passenger. The revolution in Central America is not suppressed. General Munos heads the revolutionary par- party, the party that is pure and free from sectional of France, and the English consul at Quito, on the Col. Walker's emigrants from California, 150 of whom sailed from San Francisco about the middle of We saw a strange travelling arrangement in the March. Walker and a large number of followers chartered for the purpose. It was expected that Munos would effect important changes in Central American affairs, especially in Nicaragua.

Arkansas 2 Democrats; Missouri 6 anti-admininis- passage, does, by no means, imply an approval of all master's way through the world, affording conclusive to the 24th ult., the same as brought by the steamer to the domination of the Catholic church and other ments of Europe, with a South American State, com-Prometheus at New Orleans.

At San Francisco there was but little improvement dently designed to qualify it for this class of service. but very little gold was coming forward in consequence of the scarcity of coin.

The Kern river miners have been disappointed in ted with the enterprize. Meigs, the forger, is reported to be living near

Talcahuana, in Chili. nto San Francisco, had been seized there.

and there was but little change in prices. The Ship Morning Light and the bark Samuel Mer-

of the Revolutionists those by way of New Orleans. Everything indicates the speedy fall of Santa Anna. Moreno's disaffection

and subsequent capture and execution were all fabu-

lous, got up to entrap Alvarez. Col. Bires was recently discomfited at Cajores, and his whole regiment dispersed by the revolutionists;

Governor Maximo Ortez, whilst on the march from Itchinean to Tehuantepec, fell into an ambuscade, and his whole force of six hundred were nearly an-

The accounts from the South are favorable to the cause of the Revolutionists. Alvarez is supreme in Suerrera, and the opinion is universal that Santa Anna will be obliged to fly. It is also evident that the allied powers have stimulated the Mexican internal commotions to bring Mexico on the other side and

identify her with Cuba. Later from Havana_Prisoners Released.

New York, April 16 .-- The steamer Cahawba tering a Bail Road to be constructed from some point arrived here to-day, from Havana, with dates to the on the Wilmington & Manchester Rail Road to Ruth- 11th instant. The city was still garrisoned by volerfordion, and whereas, it is necessary to raise by unteers, the regular troops being nearly all stationed

Dr. Peck, recently arrested at Puerto Principe, had been released from prison, on the security of a friend Mr. Jas. F. Marsh was elected in his place. land, Catawba, Gaston, Lincoln, and Mecklenburg, that he would remain at Havana until the case should be decided. Carlos Castillo had also been released, and allowed

Business was improving, and fine qualities of sugar have an advancing tendency.

The United States steamer Princeton was at Haana-all well.

From Washington City.
Washington, April 16.—All the Judges of the Court of Claims are here, and the Court will probaly soon be organized. Mr. Dodge, Minister to Spain, is now here receiving his final instructions, and will leave for New York

this week. Between seven and eight thousand applications for land warrants were received at the Pension Office to-

A Committee are here from New York to solicit the interference of the Executive in the case of Dr. Peck who has been unjustly imprisoned by Concha. in Havana. This act creates great indignation here. Terrible Shipwreck---Five Hundred Lives Lost.

Can any man, wedded to the interests of Virginia. ead the following article without indignation at the monstrous attempt of the Secret Order to foist themselves upon the people of the State? Know-Nothingism is openly avowed to be the lever with which to push anti-slavery designs, even in Virginia! Will pire of Hayti is going down rapidly with every year.

not all true Virginians be warned in time? [From the Wheeling Argus.]
A Development.

Mr. Flournoy, the Know-Nothing candidate for Gov- received the bad shin-plasters of this Government for ernor, we had supposed that his views on the slavery good current money. During the time of the Re. question were Virginian, and that the party in this public, the rulers of Hayti were so prudent as not to State would have washed their hands of the abomi- carry to an excess the manufacture of this paper. importance attached to our operations in the Crimea litionism, however much so they might have been penses of the government were moderate, and living with other peculiar isms of which the party is com- in Hayti was cheaper than anywhere else in the posed. Pollock of Pennsylvania, Wilson of Massa- West Indies. Even under the last President, Riche. chusetts, and numerous other abolitionists, the first the amount of the paper money in circulation was strong as Holy writ," that there was a complete fu- Soulouque, the expenses of the State have increased sion and affiliation with the free-soilers, abolitionists immensely, and in an equal proportion the poverty y to convince the American people that the Know- quantities, and are not easily to be distinguished Nothing party was national, conservative, and the from the good ones. The paper has almost entirely only one that could preserve the Union. A desper- lost its value. All kinds of goods have risen in proate cause requires a strenuous vindication, as is known portion, and living is actually as expensive in Port. to those who are laboring for the muzzled night walk- au-Prince as in any luxurious capital of Europe by the 14th of April. The opinion is freely express- ers in the Old Dominion, and hence the enormous ex- The army, the public officers, the whole Government ertions that are being made by these partizans, and costs now almost three times as much as at the time the Roorback stories set affoat in regard to their of the Republic, which, it is true, was likewise by no strength A letter that was accidentally misdirected means a model State, yet, even in its worst condition by a member of the Winchester convention to a did not attain such a high degree of rottenness and prother in Ritchie county, and received by the gen- corruption as the Empire. tleman whose name was endorsed upon it, says, that State, is only forty-six thousand, instead of the sev- rather for himself. The coffee-cultivating negroes oned upon the columns of the Know-Nothing papers speculators, from whom alone foreign merchants are as the number enrolled upon the list of the midnight permitted to buy. It is from the privileged " specuconclave. Small leakages produce great results in lators" that the Emperor receives this fifth part.

some cases, and a confidential statement from one The coffee-crop is decreasing rather than augmenting brother in the order to another may, with a moderate with every year. According to a gertleman well in allowance for the natural propensity for exaggeration formed in these matters, the coffee product now in such cases, necessary to bear up the drooping spir- amounts to about 40,000,000 of pounds annually, bject in view, the British are pushing forward a par All told then, there may be from thirty to forty thous- reached more than 60,000,000 of pounds. On ac the noble champion of human rights -- Henry A. Wise, the licensed speculators, the profit of the cultivator and the overthrow of the democracy of Virginia .- of coffee becomes smaller and smaller; they disuse Greatly duped has that Democrat been who has for- certain things which they had formerly bought from Mr. Haughton embodying these amendments was to-day than they were at the first. They have lost tinues in session, and the medical officers are at prethe shell of Know Nothingism, depending upon its and more the simple, primitive fashion of their anpower to promote him to office. Duped in regard to cestors in Soudan or Guinea. They hardly know the strength of the order and deceived as to its prin-shame, and the climate of Hayti is so delightfully ciples, they will hasten to leave the sinking ship and warm, that its inhabitants require hardly more luxube able to say, I was not there when she went down, but was with the democracy who sail smoothly Paradise. Some bacon and a few plantains are

> upon a question that is of the most vital importance extremely badly paid soldiers and public officers to to the State of Virginia in a pecuniary point of view, fraud, bribery and robbery, in order to be able to and renown of the Union. Mr. Flournoy in a speech than a return to complete barbarism. On account of delivered at Charlotte court house, in the year 1846 the bad condition of the finances of the State the scanting upon the evils that arise out of slavery as Haytien army is put down at 30,000 men. The real The new British government loan for £1,000 000 it exists in the Southern States. Here is what he number, however, amounts scarcely to 10,000 men, and die with unrelenting hatred to slavery on his put an end to Soulouque's imperial grandeur and the lips-Know Nothing Pollock has declared in favor whole negro empire chigan has instructed her Senators to vote for the Foreign Powers Protesting against United States repeal of both these laws, and Flournoy, the Know-Nothing candidate for Governor of Virginia, says

upon to place confidence in their trust : contest in Virginia is looked upon as a decided mat- unjustifiable and impertinent interference with the ter, and the election of the Know-Nothing candidate national rights and prerogatives of the United States, for Governor as a fixed fact. This may be regarded by and an addition to the combination against its intersome as a matter of surprise, inasmuch as the Know- ests. We cannot make a commercial treaty giving Nothing organization, having its rise in the North, is us such advantages as any other sovereignty chooses The dates by this arrival from San Francisco are as much in opposition to the slavery of the South as to confer, but we are to have the leading governforeign influences in our government generally. But bining against it, and asserting a right to be consult the truth is, there is no cause for surprise in the mat- ed, though the matter, as between the two contractin the financial affairs. The miners were doing well, ter. Virginia has a population as decidedly favora- ing nations, is clearly none of the business of such ble to the abolition of slavery as any people in Penn- intermeddlers. But what will such a protest as this sylvania or Ohio. Virginia, insteed of being unani- avail? Who cares for it? What will it accomplish, mous, is therefore greatly divided on the subject of except to show the arrogant pretensions of the partheir expectations, and they were returning, disgus- siavery. The pro-slavery portion are the rich, whose ties making it? It will amount to nothing at allwealth is in land and negroes. The poorer and la- | Such pretensions as these no nation will submit to boring classes are oppressed by the institution and that has any respect for its dignity and honor, of favor its abolition. This feeling prevails widely in any power to assert its own just rights. The people An invoice of cigars valued at \$80,000, smuggled the east, but predominates largely in the west, and of this country care not whether other nations are there are many who would not hesitate to come out pleased with their progress or not. They will make Business generally at San Francisco was languid openly in advocating abolition, join cheerfully and such treaties as will promote their own interests, alat once in the Know-Nothing move, seeing that it ways bearing in mind, however, the rights of others tends to that end. Others, indifferent to the subject, and the obligations of international comity. Acting ritt, from Philadelphia, arrived at San Francisco on fall into the current as the popular one, yet knowing justly, fairly, and honorably towards others, they that the success of the party is the surest blow that | will submit to no impertinent intermeddling with can be given to the pro-slavery interest of the State. themselves or their progress. The nations that at-Late and Important from Mexico-Great Successes | The pro-slavery of Virginia is therefore to be broken, tempt it should be warned in time, and see the ab-CHARLESTON, April 14th.—The Rritish steamer the quiet but onward progress of the Know-Nothing the nonsensical theory of a balance of power which Clyde arrived at Havana on the 8th inst., in six days organization. They do not, of course, as we of the has so often deluged Europe with blood. from Vera Cruz, bringing advices six days later than North have done, come out in open opposition to sla-

annual meeting of this Company was held in this deprecates the intention of Spain to protect slavery in place on Thursday last. Messrs. J. H. Cook and A. those attempting to recross Popagango river were A. McKethan held the proxy of the State. The following officers were elected for the ensuing year : President-N. A. Stedman.

C. Benbow, H. L. Myrover, J. D. Williams, E. J. which was shown to Lopez, and then says: Hale, Fayetteville ; Jona. Worth, Ashboro ; F. Fries,

to \$250 per annum; said officer to receive \$3 per day, deeply engaged in the Black and Baltic Seas to think including travelling expenses, when absent on the of succoring Cuba, it is quite within reach of possi-Road by direction of the Board.

over the year previous of \$1,958 19.

about \$5,000. At a meeting of the Board, Jno. M. Rose was reelected Secretary and S. W. Tillinghast Treasurer.

Fay. Carolinian 14th inst.

Post Office Department. Mail Letting -The business of opening and comparing the bids for the extensive mail contracts re-

cently advertised in the Union commenced yesterday, and for several days, if not weeks, the Postmaster of the department, will have more work than they can conveniently attend to.

Directions to Postmasters .- Under no circumstances can a postmaster open a letter not addressed to him-

supposed to be embraced in the new act, will continue should no longer have to sepend for allegiance and to be despatched agreeably to the provisions of the defence upon merely one class, and that the least fifteenth section of the act of March 3, 1825.

Redemption of the Public debt for the Week

Hayti. [Corresponden

PORT AU-PRINCE, March, 1855 There is not the least doubt, and we express this with real philanthropical regret, that the negro-emand will be lost, without help. The rotten machinery of state and society went on pretty well for a while as long as the illusion of paper money lasted, and Whatever we may have thought of the ability of the ignorant negro, by habit or want of reflection Soulouque seizes, as is well known, a fifth part of

sufficient to fill the negro's stomach, even without But, to return from the digression, let us consider any labor. In case Souloque, who governs with a hope Flournoy and see how he stands, and has stood and should continue to refer his very numerous but

[From the Philadelphia Ledger.

The United States government have recently enthat no country can be prosperous with a slave popu- tered into a commercial treaty with the Equatorian lation. Read this, Virginians, and consider the won- government, by which it is said the former grants a derful similarity that exists between the opinions of protectorate over the islands of Gallipagos. This Know-Nothings North and in our own State, and then | treaty, which is proper enough in itself, and which is read the following from the Young Amarican, a Know | within the sovreign powers of the two nations to rat-Nothing paper that was published in Pittsburg, and ify, has been protested against by the minister of Pemark the designs of the American party, the national ru, the charge d'affaires of Spain, the charge d'affaires prejudices, the party in which the South is called ground that the government of Ecuador cannot and ought not to bind itself without the assent of the "Anti-Slavery and the Know-Nothings .- The four nations they represent. Here we have another

THE ALLIES AND THE DEFENSE OF CUBA .-- The London Examiner has an article on Cuba and the re-FAYETTEVILLE AND WESTERN PLANK ROAD .- The cent speech in the Spanish Cortes on slavery. Cuba, and says that by offering to the slave hopes of future emancipation the Spanish government would rise up a power able to defy both Cuban planters and American sympathisers. The Examiner fears that should a band of American fillibusters land in Cuba, Directors-Geo. McNeill, J. H. Cook, Jas. Kyle, Gen. Concha will show them the same scant mercy

The American government will then be provided with a grievance; and if Gen. Pierce should deem the The salary of the President was reduced from \$500 governments and fleets of France and England too bility that the report of the Ostend conference may The receipts of the Company from 1st April 1854, be acted on, and the step of making common cause to April 1st, 1855, were \$26,795 73, being an increase with the discomfited corsairs, by sending a force for retaliating upon Gen. Concha, and perhaps for reduc-A dividend of 4 per cent. has been decleared, ing the island, may become sufficiently popular to payable on the 1st of June. The surplus fund is force itself upon Mr. Pierce's not very reluctant cab-

The contingency of the western allies looking quietly on must not, however, be too hastily assumed E. J. Hale, Esq, declined to serve as Director, and France and England have on a previous occasion spoken frankly at Washington as to what would be their duty were Cuba wantonly invaded; and at that time the Emperor Napoleon observed that the alliance between France and England extended westward as well as eastward. And though it would be unfortunate indeed, if in the belief that we have a duty to prevent aggression, and protect weak States from spoliation, we should be called upon to perform such General, his Assistants, and the whole clerical force duty in both hemispheres at once, let not the American government too hastily infer that its act of aggression would be safe. Meantime the Spanish Cortes, instead of confining their cares to the conciliation of the planters who have conspired against them, might do better, we think, so to deal out justice Ship letters, as they cannot be prepaid, and are not to all subjects of the Spanish crown in Cuba that it numerous and selfish.

EXPORTING BOGUS BANK NOTES -The house of Donvale & Co, New York, recently exported, to the order of Arriceto Friete, of St. Thomas, several barrels of fish, which were consigned to them by one H. Hartman for exportation. Upon the arrival of the fish at St. Thomas, several boxes were found in Total..... 144,400 them, containing counterfeit notes on American of the subscribers is called, to be held on the first Monday of next month (May.)

Our friends in Onslow seem to be waking up, and we are glad to see it. A better day is coming for old Onslow.

Deen subscribed by individuals, and that a meeting of the subscribers is called, to be held on the first but who lacked settled principles of action or any religious belief worthy of the name. Still there is a strength and earnestness about the book which places in out in tout of the class of trash.

Application for Founty Land.—Three thousand between received at the Fension of the crew lost. Her captain and eight men only of the crew lost. Her captain and eight men only of the crew lost. Her captain and eight men only of the crew lost. Her captain and eight men only of the crew lost. Her captain and eight men only of the crew lost. Her captain and eight men only of the crew lost. Her captain and eight men only of the crew lost. Her captain and eight men only of the crew lost. Her captain and eight men only of the crew lost. Her captain and eight men only of the crew lost. Her captain and eight men only of the crew lost. Her captain and eight men only of the crew lost. Her captain and eight men only of the crew lost. Her captain and eight men only of the crew lost. Her captain and eight men only of the crew lost. Her captain and eight men only of the crew lost. Her captain and eight men only of the crew lost. Her captain and eight men only of the crew lost. W. J. T. MILLER, President. W. J. T. MILLER, President. Senor Arriceto on landing were attacked by the natives, and five hundred applications under this strength and earnestness about the book which places in the crew lost. Her captain and eight men only of the crew lost. Her captain and eight men only of the crew lost. Her captain and eight men only of the crew lost. Her captain and eight men only of the crew lost. Her captain and eight men only of the crew lost. Her captain and eight men only of the crew lost. Her captain and eight men only of the crew lost. Her cap

the alleged declared to abolish slavery in Cuba was either gomery, Ala., the 28th ult., which says: mistake on the part of the translator connected with the Agence Havas, which communicated it to the Pa-

ris Journal, or a hoax. island of that the emancipation of the blacks would the trip. None can go without that much. ad to the complete extermination of the white race

M. Olozaga, conceived in the following terms: The Cortes declare that in the midst of the grave wents taking place in the island of Cuba, it has heard with the most complete satisfaction the explacovernment. Signed,

Palace of the Cortes, March 8th, 1855.

Know-Nothingism in Kentucky. John Rowan, esq , of Kentucky, having been caled upon from several quarters to become the de oto assume the position, for reasons alleged in a let-ter to the Louisville Times. He says:

"I am unwilling to peril the fair prospect of the sarty by becoming their standard bearer in the next ontest, for the simple reason that my wife is a Cath-dic. I see that a respectable whig paper (the Com-nonwealth) estimates the number of know-nothings a Kentucky at fifty thousand; and as I have been nformed by good authority that no man who has a atholic wife can be a member of that society, it is ir to presume that they would not vote for a man so circumstanced. If this be true, fifty thousand ciyou are a native of Kentucky, and your ancestors were among the pioneers of this fair land--what though your grandfathers, Lytle and Rowan, lost the earnings of their lives—the first by the torch of the Indian, the last by the moneys of the Continental Congress—what though they did toil on, fighting the Indian and felling the forest, and under all these ficulties educate a portion of their families, and at portion not unknow or undistinguished in the istories of Ohio, Kentucky, and the nation—and that though you may be qualified to discharge the high duties of the office you aspire to—we, fifty thousand people, of Kentucky, living happily around our hearthstones, won for us by the daring of such en as you sprung from, are determined that you shall not be governor of Kentucky, Mr. Rowan, be-cause your wife, exercising the privilege guarantied by the constitution of the United States and the conitation of every State in the confederacy, to worip God as she pleases, is a Catholic. It matters aggression .- Richmond Despatch. ot to us that the ancestors of that wife were of those who landed with lord Baltimore, and established the good old colony of Maryland, (to this hour the home according to the dictates of their own consciences."

ion of dollars was staked on the event of the The various circumstances upon which so uch depends for success in a race were in the highst degree favorable. The condition of the horse and the track were excellent, the sky clear, and the warm and balmy. The day could not possibly

At about quarter of four o'clock Lexington started followed by the well known horse Arrow, which e for a time to the spectacle the appearance and the interest of a regular race. The first mile as made easily in 1.474; the second in 1.524; the rd in 1.514; and the fourth and last mile in 1.474; whole distance having been run in the incredibly hort space of 7.191; and the proposed feat accomished. The announcement of the success of Lexngton, from the judge's stand, was responded to by und upon round of applause from the astonished The time in which Lexington ran the miles is 64 seconds under that which Lecomte last spring for the same performance, which was

is race is the most wonderful which has occurred odern times, and Mr. Ten Broeck now enjoys the d supremacy of owning the fastest horse in A-

On the 14th, Lexington is to run with Lecomte, by sterday will undoubtedly tend to make it one of the st exciting races that have ever taken place in this

-Passed by the Legislature of Maine.
-Passed by the Legislature of Minnesota.
-Passed by the Legislature of Rhode Island.
-Passed by the Legislature of Massachusetts.

Ratified by the people of Minnessota. Passed by the Legislature of Vermont -Passed by the Legislature of Michigan.
-Ratified by the people of Vermont.
-Ratified by the people of Michigan.
-Its submission to the people pronounced unconstitutional by the Supreme Court in Minnesota.

Pronounced unconstitutional by the United States upreme Court in Rhode Island. reme Court equally divided in Michigan. onounced unconstitutional in Massachusetts

assed the Legislature of New York. etoed by Gov. Seymour of New York Passed by one branch of the Legislature of New

sed by the Legislature of Ohio. oted for by the people of Wisconsin.

assed in a modified form by the Legislature of Rhode

bitory laws. The question has failed in four es through legislative disagreement. It has been the judiciary, and in one instance re-enacted in a

\$81 00 Champagne.

ROLITION OF SLAVERY IN CUBA—CORRECT VERSION OF Tribune has information that the fillibuster expedi- silver being used for a common purpose, it is proven The Gazette de Madrid gives reliable information the recent preparations on the island to repel it, and The Gazette de Cuban question. It turns out that in the Abbeville Independent Press of the 6th inst. the alleged declaration of the Spanish government we find a letter from B. L. Posey, Esq, dated Mont-

Editors of the Press :- For the last few days have been receiving letters from many young men in your State and Georgia, proposing to go with me in A dispatch from Senor Luzuriaga, the Spanish the expedition, which was foreshadowed in an article A dispatch of Foreign Affairs to General Concha, as in your paper of 22d inst. As these letters are very o'clock, M. Iso the correct text of the speech of the former in numerous, and will probably increase in number, it also the correction put to him in the Cortes by will be impossible to answer them severally. I must, General Serrano, both show that, so far from the therefore, say to them be patient for a few weeks. General Schauch, some street ained by the gov-idea of such a measure being entertained by the gov-and at the proper time I will call for them if they are dea of such a the firm determination to defend to wanted. It is impossible to say at this time any more the last this institution, having a profound conviction the last this institution, having a profound conviction that slavery is an indispensable necessity and condidate the difficulty that might be caused by a too early that slavery is an independent of the maintenance of territorial property in the disclosure to unknown persons. Every person who island of Cuba. Senor Luzuriaga says further in goes will need \$150 in cash to prepare himself for

The newspapers, especially those in New York, the island, and would consequently sever all ties probably will publish a variety of rumors and guessatween it and the mother country. He adds that es about this expedition. You need have no confidence he government have all the material and moral force at all in them. Nobody is entrusted with the secrets patent, as the law will be rigidly enforced against all offenof this expedition but men of the highest known in-The Chamber adopted on the moment a proposition tegrity, who would not disclose them. Those who wish to go are requested to send on their names, and at the proper time will sound the bugle for them.

I regret that I cannot give more than the slight adumbration already given of this project. I will nations that have just been given by Her Majesty's say, however, that a man who is fortunate enough to be received into its ranks may consider himself a lucky man. It will comprise the finest body of men ever brought together. They will all be young. spirited and respectable, while a great many are men of the very finest talent and highest rank in the country. No man of equivocal character or courage will ing a doubt on the subject. Yours respectfully, B. L. POSEY.

> We cannot see the justice of accusing the President have been given to the commanding officer, before mach they convict him of involving the country in war.
>
> Nothing is known with certainty of the instructions
>
> Nothing is known with certainty of the instructions of the ins nothing is known with certainty of the instructions given to Commodore McCauley, but if we may be permitted to conjecture, it is not likely that he has been ordered to avenge past outrages, but to resist been ordered to avenge past outrages, but to resist aconsiderable saving by taking the largest sizes N. B. Directions for the guidance of patients in every disorde are affixed to each box. and punish any future attempt of Spanish vessels to search our merchantmen in the Gulf. This is perfectly legitimate, and, as a peace policy, the very best in the world. If it does not prevent future outrages and eventual war, as we hope and believe it will, it will be simply because Spain, relying upon LEONARD CHRISS, to Miss ELIZABETH DOHMOR, the assistance of the allies, is determined to provoke us into a fight, at all hazards, and this she would to the Gulf or not. The truth is, if we had a large daughter of the late David Carr.

miserable weakness, as a naval power, that invites Another American Vessel Fired into by a Spanish

Cruiser.

We have advices of another belligerent act by the refinement and hospitality,) the first to invite the Cuban authorities upon the American brig P. R. Hickreligionists of Christendom to come and worship God bern, Stephen Ellis, jr., master, bound from the port of bern, Stephen Ellis, jr., master, bound from the port of Boston to the port of Matanzas. While the brig was 1855, after a chronic disease of twelve months duration, Mr. steering for the port of Matanzas, and but a few STEPHEN COSTIN, in the 33rd year of his age.

miles from the coast, she was fired at hy a Spanish.

He was a man of industrious habits, and public spirit, warm miles from the coast, she was fired at by a Spanish There was an intense excitement yesterday consequent upon the proposed race of Mr. Ten Broeck's cable's length astern of the brig, when she showed circle of relatives and friends, who are left to loss horse Lexington against Time, and by 3 o'clock in her colors. Shortly after another ball was fired some five thousand persons from the man-of-war, which passed directly ahead of at the Metaite Race Course to witness the brig; and soon after, the position of the ships eattempt at the performance of a feat unequalled being relatively changed, another was fired, which his family and friends, who are so sadly afflicted by this disnot in modern racing annals. Bets fell just behind the brig, evidently thrown with the pensation.

> It will be recollected that by a recent act of Congress a certain amount was appropriated to enable the Secretary of War to try the experiment of intro ducing camels on this continent as beasts of burden and for military purposes. As the Navy Department have occasion to send stores to our squadron in the Mediterranean, the storeship Supply, now at the New York yard, has been selected for this purpose, and on her return voyage will bring the camels. This vessel will be commanded by Lieut. David D. Porter, of the navy, and will take out Major Wayne, an officer of the Quartermaster's department of the army, to pur-chase the camels, and on her homeward voyage will bring them to the United States. The vessel will be prepared with all despatch for sea.

There is no doubt that the experiment of introducing camels as beasts of burden, and for military pur- & Bro.; with mdze. poses, in the southwestern part of the country, will prove entirely successful. Their great enumerics, ability to carry large burdens, and the length of time that they are enabled to exist without water, will render them a valuable adjunct to the army in the section of country for which they are intended.

Section of country for which they are intended.

THE OYSTER QUESTION .- ARE THEY FIT TO EAT IN & Co.; with corn and peas. SUMMER ?-It is a mooted question whether oysters are fit to eat in summer. Some persons allege they are to Ellis & Mitchell ; with corn. poisonous in that season, and others that they may be eaten with safety. We suspect that the real fact will be found that oysters are injurious only when The rise and progress of laws in various States, they have been kept too long in hot weather, and have hibiting the sale of intoxicating drinks, is to be been partially spoiled. But there is positive testimony to the character of this kind of food which is worth being made known. In an interview of a del-worth being made known. In an interview of a del-worth being made known. In an interview of a del-lateral control of this kind of the state of the s egation of Oystermen with a Committee on public health, in New York, on Thursday dealers of thirty, forty, and even fifty years' standing testified to the healthiness of the transplanted Virginia oyster .-Bringing it thence to the New York waters, about the latter part of April, has the effect of postponing the spawning season for the summer. When not spawning, oysters are quite as eatable and healthy in summer as in winter months. Nine-tenths of those summer as in winter months. to be transplanted, and even of the spawns, it is said, that they are merely unpalatable, not poisonous. It was also testified that no less than ten thousand persons, and two hundred vessels are engaged in the business of transplanting from Virginia and that a ampshire.

assed by one branch of the Legislature of Maryland.

business of transplanting from Virginia, and that a said Company, a meeting of said subscribers will be held capital of five million dollars must be invested in the in Jacksonville on the first Monday in May next, for the ovster trade of New York .- Phila. Ledger.

THE BOSTON NUNNERY INVESTIGATION .- The committee appointed by the Massachusetts Legislature, in a report made on Friday, stated that during the inves-

Ash. White Oak, Hickory, Maple, &c., in the vicinity.

There is a demand for a large quantity of lumber in the night before—listening to a tailor's news—came large quantity of lumber in the night before—listening to a tailor's news—came large quantity of lumber in the night before—listening to a tailor's news—came large quantity of lumber in the night before—listening to a tailor's news—came large quantity of lumber in the night before—listening to a tailor's news—came large quantity of lumber in the night before—listening to a tailor's news—came large quantity of lumber in the night before—listening to a tailor's news—came large quantity of lumber in the night before—listening to a tailor's news—came large quantity of lumber in the night before—listening to a tailor's news—came large quantity of lumber in the night before—listening to a tailor's news—came large quantity of lumber in the night before—listening to a tailor's news—came large quantity of lumber in the night before—listening to a tailor's news—came large quantity of lumber in the night before—listening to a tailor's news—came large quantity of lumber in the night before—listening to a tailor's news—came large quantity of lumber in the night before—listening to a tailor's news—came large quantity of lumber in the night before—listening to a tailor's news—came large quantity of lumber in the night before—listening to a tailor's news—came large quantity of lumber in the night before—listening to a tailor's news—came large quantity of lumber in the night before—listening to a tailor's news—came large quantity of lumber in the night before—listening to a tailor's news—came large quantity of lumber in the night before—listening to a tailor's news—came large quantity of lumber in the night before—listening to a tailor's news—came large quantity of lumber in the night before—listening to a tailor's news—came large quantity of lumber in the night before—listening to a tailor's news—came large quantity of lumber in the night before—listening to a tailor's ne getting worse and worse," said one, to his neighbor; tis, indeed, 'responded the other; "but where is Joseph ?" was the next inquiry, and "who is Mrs. Patterson?" asked a fourth individual. The answer to these queries were not very distinct, but it was clear on all sides that the new developments were embarassing. State preachers of temperance were found drinking costly wines at the public expense, and sticklers for morality in convents and a morning reading of the Bible, were discovered in—an awk-ward predictions are in light supply, and for such are discovered in—an awk-ward prediction—an awk-ward prediction—an

A Washington correspondent of the New York hance the price of silver. On the contrary, gold and tion against Cuba will soon set out, notwithstanding that the value of the one is effected by any alteration in the value of the other, in the same direction. China presents no demand for gold, as silver alone is taken by the three hundred millions of Chinese. This has sustained in part the value of silver.

LAMP & LAMP FEEDER. from the use of Burning Fluid, Camphene, and other Explosive Compounds, used for the production of Light.—This Invention is applied to all common Lamps and Lamp Feeders, also, to Solar, Camphene Lamps, Lanterns, &c.

ALSO, Burning Fluid, Camphene, and Rosin Oil. For sale by C. & D. DuPRE, Druggists, Market street, Wil-

D. DuPRE, Jr. A. C. DICKINSON. June 20th, 1854

It would hardly do for any one to have the temerity nowness to the cheek, and suffering to the brow. They

Appopletic Symptoms.—"Preventive is better than a cure."—Mr. James Watson, of South Seventh Street, (Book Store,) was subject to giddiness, with heavy and drowsy feelings, his blood flew to the head at the least excitement We cannot see the justice of accusing the President of a design to involve the country in war, because he has ordered an increase of the Home Squadron.

Would it not be well for these who avaies the resident in the softeness, in shoot new to the nead at the least excitement, and he so frequently fell down insensible, that it was unsafe to leave him without an attendant. His medical man told his family candidly, there was no hope for him, whereupon they dismissed him; however, Holloway's Pills cared him. Would it not be well for those who arraign his mo- in two months, and he now attends to business. These Pills

both of Kenansville.

naval establishment, as we devoutly wish we had, and the President could send a score of screw ships and the President could send a score of screw ships and the President could send a score of screw ships SULLIVAN.

Also, by the same, on the same day, in the neighborhood the state of the same day, in the neighborhood the same day, in the neigh

> On the 3rd inst., near Warsaw, Mr. HENRY STEPH-ENS, of Sampson Co., to Miss MARTHA C., daughter of Rolan Best, Esq.
> Also, on the 12th inst., Mr. JOHN A. STEWART, of Cumberland Co., to Miss MARGARET A. VANN.

Marine Intelligence.

PORT OF WILMINGTON, N. C .-- April, 1855.

etteville, to W. P. Elliott. to Master; with corn.
Schr. Wm. A. Ellis, Nichols, from New York, to Worth; with mdze.
April 17—Schr. F. J. Cummings, Venzie, from Camden, Me., to Wm. M. Harriss; with lime.
Brig Matilda, Lunt, from New York, in ballast, to J. C. Smith, & Co. Schr. Volant, Newcomb, from Jacksonville, to Rankin &

Martin; with naval stores and pea nuts. Schr. Pearl, Dexter, from Jacksonville, to Rankin & Martin; with naval stores and pea nuts.
Brig Reuben, Carver, Getchell, from Boston, to Russell Schr. A. S. Eells, Sweetland, from Rockport, Me., to Russell & Bro.; with lime.

Schr. Senora Isabel, Johnson, from Washington, N. C., April 18.—Brig Louisa Sears, Kelly, from New York, to J. H. Flanner; with maze.
Steamer Flora McDonald, Hurt, from Fayetteville, to T.

CLEARED

WHEREAS, one hundred shares of the capital stock of

WILMINGTON WHOLESALE PRICES CURRENT.

1t should be understood that our quotations generally represent the wholesale prices. In filling small orders, higher rates have to be paid. BEESWAX, # 1b..24 @ Naval Stores,
Turpentine, \$280 lbs.

*Virgin dip..1 96 @ 2 00
Yellow dip..0 00 @ 2 50
Hard....: 0 00 @ 1 50
Tar, \$bbl. 1 85 @ 1 90
Pitch..do... 1 75 @ 0 00
Rosin, No.1,1 46 @ 1 50
do. No.2,0 00 @ 0 00
do. No.2,1 124 @ 1 20 BRICKS, \$ M.6 50 Tallow.....16 @ Adamantine..25 @ Sperm.....30 @ do. No.3,1 121 @ 1 20 Sp'ts Turp, Varnish, agal, 20 @ Oils, # gall

bush 1 10 @ 1 DOMESTICS. Sheeting, Pyd.71 @ Yarn, Plb... 00 @ Yarn, \$15...00 @ Eggs, \$2 doz...15 @ Empty Barrels, each, POTATOES, Sweet, # bush.95 @ 1 00 Spts. Turp..1 50 @ 2 00 Irish, FEATHERS, # 15.45 @ do. # bbl. . 4 75 @ 5 00 ISH, ₩ bbl., Mullets....6 75 @ 0 00 ROVISIONS, & Ib. N. C. Bacon, Hams.....12 @ Middlings.. 0 @ Shoulders..00 @ No. 4 0 00@0 00 Hog round .. 101 @ Shad, Ocean,00 00@00 00 Western Bacon, Middlings . . 81 @ Herrings, East 4 50@ 6 00 do. N.C. roe, 0 00@ 0 00 do. N.C.roe,000 do. do. cut, N. C. Lard ... 11 @

Dry Cod. # cwt....0 00 @ 4 00 Butter33 @ Cheese......00 @ 00 Pork, Mess, \$\pi\$ bbl...18 00 @19 00 Canal. 12 00 @14 00 N. C. brands10 00 @10 50 RAIN, # bush. Corn # 56 fbs. 1 00 @ 1 071 Beef, Mess. 60 00 @00 00 do. Fulton Oats00 @ 00 WhiteBeans0 00 @ 1 40 Pease, Cow. 85 @ 1 00 Market. 00 00 @00 00 POULTRY. Chickens, live. 18 @ do. Ground 0 00 @ do., clean,

do. dead 35 @ 40 Turkeys, livel 12½ @ 1 25 do. dead, fb 12½ @ 15 ₩ 10...... 5½ @ IAY, ₩ 100 bs. Eastern Eastern...1 30 @ 1 40 Northern...0 00 @ 1 10 Alum # bush..00 @ Liverpool \$\post{8} \text{sack,} ground.1 20 @ 1 35 do. fine. 0 00 @ 0 00 English, ass'd .. 41 @ American, ref. .5½ @ do. sheer. . . 0 @ do. hoop. . . . 0 @ Sugars, # Ib.
Porto Rico... 61 @ New Orleans . . 5 @ Muscovado ... 5 @ Loaf & crush .10 @ Granulated. 5 @ Soap, \$15..... 4 @ Shingles, \$M. Contract ... 5 00 Common ... 0 00 @ 2

Brandy......55 @ 60 do Apple..75 @ 1 00 UMBER, # M., (River.) Floor. B'ds. 00 00 @ 8 00 STAVES, \$\text{M} M. W. O. Bbl 20 00 @25 00 Wide do.. 0 00 @ 0 00 Scantling.. 0 00 @ 0 00 R.O. Hhd. 15 00 @20 00 Ash Head'g .0 00 @00 (TIMBER, # M. Molasses, per gallon. Cuba......23 @ Shipping. 0 00 @ 0 00 Mill, prime 6 50 @ 9 50 do. inferior to ordinary 4 25 @ 5 50 N. Orleans....26 @

Wrought.....10 @ 121 | TALLOW, # 15...12 @ 121 NOTE. River Lumber, Tar, and Turpentine, sold in the water are subject to the expense of landing, inspection, cooperage, &c.;—say on Lumber 80 cents to \$1 \$\mathbb{H}\$ M.; Tar and Turpentine about 10 @ 15 cents \$\mathbb{H}\$ bbl.—and on naval stores, when brought per railroad, about the same expenses are incurred——*For Virgin or mixed Turpentine a deduction of one-fifth is made, according to quality.

Wilmington Bank Rates of Exchange. Baltimore...liper et.prem. | Philadelphia liper et. prem. New York...li " Virginia 0 " " Virginia (New York ... 1 " Charleston ... 2

 Spirits Turpentine,
 do
 .00
 a
 30

 Flour,
 ...
 ...
 .00
 a
 102

 Rice, per 100 pounds
 ros
 ...
 .00
 a
 12½

 Cotton, per bale,
 ...
 ...
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 6

 Cotton goods and yarns, per toot,
 ...
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 6

 Elaxseed, per cask,
 ...
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 a

 Ground Peas, per bushel,
 ...
 ...
 0
 a

 Lumber, per M
 ...
 ...
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 TO PHILADELPHIA. Spirits Turpentine,do...........55

TO BOSTON. Turpentine, Rosin, and Tar, per barrel, 35 a | Spirits Turpentine, ... do ... 0 65 a | Lumber, per M ... 7 00 a | Peanuts, # bushel ... 00 a

REVIEW OF THE WILMINGTON MARKET.

exhibited more firmness, with a fair demand from shippers and distillers, and prices have advanced full 10 cents on both the lands of Mrs. John D. Beatty, on the east side of South qualities. The receipts for the week ended this morning have been very small (compared with those for three week's

past) and the sales foot up only 6,734 bbls., viz:

Bbls. Virgin. Yellow dip. Hard.

Thursday. 1,414. \$1.96. \$2.45...\$1.45

Friday. 2,800. 2 40@2 45.1 40@1 45

Saturday. \$50...\$1.92. 2 40...\$1.40

Saturday. \$30...\$2 40...\$1.40

Thursday. \$30...\$2 40...\$1.40

Saturday. \$30...\$2 40...\$30.. 600.... 2 40. 300.... 1 96..... 2 45. 300.... 1 96..... 2 45..... 1 45 770.1 96@2 00..2 45@2 50...1 45@1 50 Tuesday None offering this morning, and the market is firm at high-

quotation up to Monday when it advanced 1 cent, with sales at 40 cents & gallon. On Tuesday, however, the price receded, but this morning again went up to 40 cents. At the sales at 40 cents & gallon. On Tuesday, however, the price receded, but this morning again went up to 40 cents. of closing our report the market is quiet, and no buyers over 39 cents. The sales for the week reach only 1,607 bbls., as

..140 " Tuesday.... Wednesday.. . . 350 " 40 .. Thursday . Rosin-Common continues to be brought in sparingly and the supply on market is light. There has been an active demand during the week, with an advance of 5 cents; and the sales foot up 8,450 bbls., as follows: Friday. 100 bbls. at ... \$1 12\frac{1}{2}\fr \$1 121 for large size bbls.

Thursday......1,600 " 1 15 " the sales as above. Some parcels changed hands on Monday and Tuesday on private terms. Holders are asking \$1 12\frac{1}{2} @ \$1 20 as to size of bbls. In No. 1 we notice sales on Saturday of 720 bbls. at \$1 50, and Monday 300 do. at \$1 46 \$1 bbls. Tar-Ruled quiet at last Thursday's quotation up to Monday, when it advanced b cents, and is in fair demand.—

White Oak Swamp, known as the Squire's Land.

18th. 400 acres formerly known as the Knapp Land, lying

The receipts have been light, and for the week reach only 1,-868 bbls., as follows:
Thursday......290 bbls. at \$1 85 \$2 bbl.

COFFEE-Is in light supply, with a fair demand; sales from store during the week at our quotations, as in quantity and quality. See table. A lot of 177 bags St. Domingo (slightly damaged,) sold at auction on Monday at 74 @ 9

cents & lb., as in quality, cash. Coтгон—The late advices from Europe has caused a buoy-

of sale, and the market is fully supplied. Small sales have been made during the week at prices quoted in our table, as Yesterday was an exciting day in the House of Representatives. Members who had been up late the night before—listening to a tailor's news—came the night before—listening to a tailor's news—came to demand for a large quantity of lumber in the house of large quantity of lumber in the large quantity of lumber in the house of large quantity of lumber in the house of large quantity of lumber in the house of large quantity of lumber in the large quantity of lumber in the house of large quantity of lumber in the large quantity of lumber in the house of large quantity of lumber in the local point of large quantity of lumber in the large quantity of lumber in the local point of large quantity of lumber in the local point of large quantity of lumber in the local point of large quantity of lumber in the local point of large quantity of lumber in the local point of large quantity of lumber in the local point of large quantity of lumber in the loc

membarassing. State preachers of temperance were all the state of the property of the property of the state of the property of the property of the property of the state of the property of

LUMBER-River-Sale on Monday of 20,000 feet flooring toards at \$8 \$ M., cash. No sales of wide boards or scant-

ling.

Liquors—There is a fair supply of domestic liquors in store, with merely a retail demand, and rates have declined a shade on some qualities. See table for prices, in quantities

Molasses-No receipts to notice since our last review there is a moderate supply of former arrivals on market, with a limited demand. Sales at 23 @ 25 cents p gallon for Cu-

Bales at 23 @ 25 cents & ganon for our bas, as in quantity.

Provisions N. C. cured Bacon continues in fair enquiry, with light receipts for two or three weeks past; none in first hands. We note sales since our last of only one or two small parcels at 10½ @ 10½ cents for hog round, and 12½ cents \$\mathbb{B}\$ for hams. The supply in retailers' hands is small, and prices have an upward tendency. In Western cured there is very little on market, with some demand; small sales from store at 8½ cents for shoulders, and 9 cents \$\mathbb{B}\$ for middlings.

LARD—North Carolina make is also in very light at 8½ cents for shoulders, and 9 cents \$\mathbb{D}\$ for middlings.

—LARD—North Carolina make is also in very light supply, with slim receipts, and the price has advanced \(\frac{1}{2} \) and the price has advanced from store during the week at 10\(\frac{3}{2} \) and the price has advanced and 11\(\frac{1}{2} \) and 12 cents \$\mathbb{D}\$ for in kegs;—now held at 11 \$\mathbb{D}\$ 11 \$\mathbb{D}\$ in demand, with a light supply, and we advance our quotations for Northern to 33 \$\mathbb{O}\$ 35 cents \$\mathbb{D}\$ for, as in quality; N. C. 20 \$\mathbb{O}\$ 22 cents.

—Pork—The supply of Northern Mess has become light, and the advance in other markets has caused the price to go up here to \$18 \$\mathbb{O}\$ \$\mathbb{D}\$ bbl., as in quantity, at which sales have been made.

March 16, 1855.

REPAIRS.—A separate department and long with despatch. All work done in the establishment delivered either on the cars of the Wil. & Man. R. R., or on the Wil. & Weldon Road, or in flats at the Company's wharf free of charge. Having large facilities, the above work will be done thoroughly, and with despatch. All work done in the establishment delivered either on the cars of the Wil. & Man. R. R., or on the Wil. & Weldon Road, or in flats at the Company's wharf free of charge. Having large facilities, the above work will be done thoroughly, and with despatch. All work done in the establishment delivered either on the cars of the Wil. & Man. R. R., or on the Wil. & Weldon Road, or in flats at the Company's wharf free of charge. Having large facilities, the above work will be done on as reasonable terms as elsewhere North or South, and in a prompt and satisfactory manner. Consultations by letter or otherwise in regard to plans and designs for Mills or their furniture, and for Machinery generally willingly answered. All orders or communications to be addressed to the undersigned.

np here to \$15 @ \$15 \$2 bold, as in quantity, have been made.

POTATORS—Irish are in fair enquiry, and very few on market. About 175 bbls. received and sold from wharf at \$4 \$2 bbl. We quote from store at \$4 75 @ \$5, as in quantity.—

Sweet are in demand, and only small parcels coming in; sell at 95 cents @ \$1 \$2 bushel, as in quantity.

Description of the seming in, and prices rule high. See POULTRY-Very little coming in, and prices rule high.

SALT—There is little or no enquiry for Liverpool sack, and we note a fair supply on market. No sales to notice, except in the retail way. See table for store rates, in quantities as wanted. No Alum received, and market bare. SHINGLES—Are in fair supply, and sell slowly. Small sales of Common at \$2 50;—100,300 contract sold on Monday at

TIMBER-Appears to be in better demand, and the receipts for the week have been light. The sales foot up only 25 @ 30 rafts at prices quoted in our table—cash and time. FREIGHTS-No material alteration to notice in our coas wise rates. The receipts of country produce for the week have been light, and the quantity offering for shipment is barely sufficient for the vessels now here. See table

FAYETTEVILLE, April 16. Bacon 9@94. Beeswax 24@25. Coffee Rio, 12@13. Laguira, 134; St. Domingo. 00@00. Cotton—Fair to good, 84@84; ordinary to mid. 74@8. Feathers 40@45. Flour—Family, 9 15@9 25; Superfine, 8 87@9 00; Scratched, 8 25@0 00. Grain—Corn 1 00@1 10; Wheat, 00@00; Oats, 65@70; Peas, 80@90; Rye, 100.000, 000 H. @1 10; Wheat, 00@00; Oats, 65@70; Peas, 80@90; Rye, \$1 00@0 00. Hydes—Dry, 10@11; Lard 10@11; Green. 4@5; Salt, liv'p, sack \$1 85@\$2 00; Alum, \$\beta\$ but 0.00@0 00.

Cotton—We report a firm market on Thursday's quotations; and it may be that higher price might be obtained.

Flour—We report no change. Corn—Sales this morning at highest quotation. N. C. Whiskey. Dull at quotations. Turpentine. Yellow Dip, \$2, Scrape \$1. Spirits 35.

NEWBERN, April 18.—Bacon—About 8,000 fbs. in one

lot sold since our last at 9 cents, for hog round. Corn—Last sales by the flat load at \$4 @ bbl., and in good demand sales by the flat load at \$4 \$\pi\$ bbl., and in good demand — Eggs—Sell freely at 11 to 12\frac{1}{2}c. \$\pi\$ doz. Feathers—No change in price. Lard—Sales at 10 to 11 cents in bbls. and kegs. Meal—In demand at \$1 \$\pi\$ busdel in lots. Peas—No receipts since our last. Clay Peas in good demand for planting purposes. Potatoes—Irish by retail \$2 40. Sweet at 60 to 70 cts. Tar—No change in price, last sales at \$1 60 \$\pi\$ bbl. Turpentine—Scrape \$1 \$5, Dip \$2 50.

CHARLESTON, April 17 .- Cotton-The market to-day presented quite an active appearance. The transactions were large, amounting to 3,855 tales, at prices ranging from 8 to 10 cts. 39 1b.

NEW YORK, April 17th.—Cotton firm, with sales of 2,000 bales New Orleans fair at 10 cents. Flour firm, with an upward tendency, sales of 6,500 bbls. good Ohio at \$10 12@\$10 50. Southern, sales of 1,500 bbls. at \$10 75@10 93. Wheat unchanged, with a limited demand at previous rates. Corn is stiffer, but not quotably higher; sales of 70,000 bushels Western mixed at \$1 08, for June and July delivery, at 94 cents. Pork a trifle higher, sales of 750 bbls. old Mess at \$16 31, and new do. at \$17 75. Beef unchanged, with a moderate demand at previous rates. Lard is higher, sales of 500 kegs at 10½@11½ cents, and bbls. at 9½@10½ cents. Whisky—Sales of Ohio at 33½@34½. Coffee dull. Sugars and Molasses are firm. Linseed 011 86 cents. Turpentine—Sales of 600 bbls. Spirits at 41½ cents; Crude dull. Rosin Rice is firm, with an upward tendency at \$6@\$6 50

prime, and red 2 50@\$2 60 \$\frac{3}{2}\$ bushel. Corn, white, \$\frac{1}{2}\$; tlement may take place between the parties, on the terminyellow 1 04@\$1 06. Oats, Maryland and Virginia, 66@68 ation of partnership, as above specified, notice is hereby givents, Penna. 70 cents \$\frac{3}{2}\$ bushel. Rye, Pennsylvania, 150; maryland 1 45@\$1 46. Molasses, New Orleans, 30. Cuba counts without delay. Up to the 30th Sept. next they will self-their accounts without delay. Up to the 30th Sept. next they will 9@30 cents p gallon. The market is sell their stock of goo 224@26, Porto Rico, 22630 cents \$\pi\$ gallon. The market is quit and holders are firm. Beef, Mess at \$17 50, Family \$19 50

No. 1 \$15 50, Prime \$13 50 \$\pi\$ bbl. Pork, Mess, 17 87@\$18;

Prime 15 75@\$15 87 \$\pi\$ bbl. Bacon, sides, 9, shoulders 8, and hams 10\pi@11\pi\$ cents \$\pi\$ bb. Bulk Meats, sides 7\pi, shoulders 7@7\pi, and hams 9@9\pi\$ cents \$\pi\$ bb. Lard, bbls 9\pi@10, and kegs 10\pi\$ cents \$\pi\$ bb. Rice 5\pi@6 to 6\pi\$ cents \$\pi\$ bb. Salt, winter the commission and Forwarding business will consider a formal will be a considered from \$\pi\$ bb. Salt, winter the commission and Forwarding business will consider a formal will be a considered from \$\pi\$ bb. Salt, winter the commission and Forwarding business will consider a formal will be a considered from \$\pi\$ bb. Salt, winter the commission and Forwarding business will consider a formal will be a considered from \$\pi\$ bb. Salt, winter the commission and Forwarding business will consider a formal will be a considered from \$\pi\$ bb. Salt, winter the commission and Forwarding business will consider a formal will be a considered from \$\pi\$ bb. Salt, winter the commission and Forwarding business will consider a formal will be a considered from \$\pi\$ bb. Salt, winter the commission and Forwarding business will consider a formal will be a considered from \$\pi\$ bb. Salt, with the considered from \$\pi\$ considered from \$\pi\$ bb. Salt, with the considered from \$ sales of Ground Alum at \$1 10; Ashton's fine, 1 70@\$1 75. Sugar, New Orleans, 5 20@\$5 50; Porto Rico at 5 50@\$5 55. Whisky, new bbls., 35@36, and hhds. 34 cents.

CLERK AND MASTER'S SALE
Of Large and Valuable Tracts of Land in the Coun. ties of Bladen and New Hanover, and of Two Valuable Lots in Wilmington.

ON thy 8th day of May next, (being the Tuesday of the County Court of Bladen,) the tracts of Land hereinafter TURPENTINE-The market ruled unsteady at last week's quotations up to Tuesday morning, since which time it has the Court House in Elizabethtown, in the county of Bladen.

> 2d. 450 acres adjoining the tract above referred to and known as the Lee Land.
>
> 3d. 121 acres contained in the three small adjoining tracts,

Daniel and Michael Chinners.

4th. 33 acres, including the Mineral Spring, near the residence of James Kerr, Esq.

The tracts of land hereinafter referred to, all lying in the County of Bladen.
5th. 38 acres conveyed to the late W. H. Beatty by Alx.

7th. 60 acres in Thumb Swamp, adjoining the tract last Sth. 640 acres in Colley Swamp, lying a short distance be low Bevan's Bridge.
9th. 640 acres in Colley Swamp, adjoining the tract last

referred to, on the South.

10th. 300 acres on the east side of of Colley Swamp, at Jacob Johnson's footway.
12th. 200 acres on the east side of Colley Swamp, joining one tract of land referred to.
12th. A tract on the east side of Colley Swamp, joining the tract last referred to, conveyed by G. J. White, (Sheriff) to the late W. Beatty, by deed, dated Nov. 4th, 1823. 13th. 640 acres on both sides of Colley Swamp, adjoining

the lands of George Russ.

14th. 100 acres on east side of Colley Swamp, joining the lands of George Russ.

15th. 300 acres on north-east side of Colley Swamp, and in Rowan Swamp, joining the lands of Enoch Hawes and FROM THE METHODIST BOOK CONCERN we re-

in Buckle Swamp, and joining the tract last referred to, now the backle Swamp, and joining the tract last referred to, now known as Beatty's Salt Marsh Land.

19th. 437½ acres in Buckle Swamp, joining the tract last referred to, formerly known as the Bordeaux land.

20th. 100 acres in Buckle Swamp, joining the tract last referred to.

referred to. 21st. 400 acres on both sides of Colley Swamp, immediately below Prior's or Evans' Bridge.
22nd. 100 acres on the south side of Colley Swamp, joining

the tract last referred to. 23rd 400 acres contained in two adjoining tracts, lying on Colley Swamp, and adjoining the Campbell land, conveyed to the late W. A. Beatty, by G. J. White, Sheriff, by deed of August 6th, 1823. 24th. 135 acres on the east side of Lyon Swamp, adjoining the lands of Aaron Larkins.

25th. 70 acres on the east side of Colley Swamp, joining a

tract of 200 acres patented to John Sikes. 26th. 50 acres on the west side of Colly Swamp, patented by Evan Bevan. 27th. 450 acres on John Swamp, patented to John S. Pear-28th. 100 acres on the south-west side of Black Lake, pat

28th. 100 acres on the south-west side of Black Lake, patented to the late W. H. Beatty.
29th. 376 acres lying between Tussica Bay and Colly Swamp, conveyed by J. B. White to W. H. Beatty.
30th. 100 acres on west side of Black River, patented to W. H. Beatty, Jan. 5, 1805.
31st. 151 acres on south-west side of Moore's Swamp, patened to W. H. Beatty, Sept. 8th, 1823. 32d. 400 acres on west side of Moore's Swamp, adjoin lands of C. J. Dickson, patented to W. H. Beatty April 18th

33d. 50 acres on west side of Black River, conveyed to W. H. Beatty by Calvin J. Dickson. A particular description of each tract, by its metes and bounds, will be given at the time of the sale. These tracts comprise very valuable bodies of land for Turpentine and Timber, and for Agricultural purposes.

ON TUESDAY, 1st day of May next, at the Market House, in the town of Wilmington, TWO LOTS in said town, hereinafter referred to, will be sold by public auction,

CLARENDON IRON WORKS,

WILMINGTON, N. C.

THE CLARENDON IRON WORKS are now prepared to receive orders for Beam, Vertical, Horizontal, or Oscillating Steam Engines, high or low pressure, and adapted to all purposes; Circular, Vertical and Portable Saw Mills, complete; Pumps; Mining Machinery; Grist and Flour Mills, complete; Parker, Turbine and other Water Wheels; equipping of Steamers; Car Wheels and Axles; Horse Powers, of various patterns; Rice-field Pumps and Engines; Rice Threshers; Shingle Machines; Shafting, Pullies, Hangers, Gears, and all other mill work.

CASTINGS.—Iron and Brass Castings of all descriptions, including Ornamental Iron Railing, Pipe, Bridge Castings,

castings.—Iron and Brass Castings of all descriptions, including Ornamental Iron Railing, Pipe, Bridge Castings, &c. &c. The Company respectfully invite attention to styles and patterns of Railing, which may be seen at their office.

Boilers.—Tubular, Flue and Cylindrical Boilers, Water Tanks, Chimneys, and all other kinds of Boiler work.

REPAIRS.—A separate department and force will be kept for repairs where work will be done thoroughly, and with despatch. All work done in the establishment delivered either on the cars of the Wil. & Man. R. R., or on the Wil. & Weldon Road, or in flats at the Company's wharf free of charge. Having large facilities, the above work will be done on as reasonable terms as elsewhere North or South

PASSED by our last Legislature, has been complied with by us, and we take this occasion to say to our customers and friends that we have now, and shall continue to keep on hand, a general assortment of FAMILY GROCERIES; also, a large and well selected stock of fine and common LIQUORS and WINES, which we will sell at former prices, our extensive sales heretofore justifying us in doing so. Call at the store, on Market Street, formerly occupied by the late E. C. Bettencourt.

JONES & FOYLES.

April 3, 1855. MEDICAL SOCIETY OF THE STATE OF NORTH

THE HIGH TAX OR REVENUE LAW.

CAROLINA.

THE next annual meeting of the Medical Society of the State of North Carolina will be held in the town of Salisbury, on Tuesday, the 15th of May, 1855.
Delegates, Permanent Members, and the Profession gene rally, are requested to attend. S. S. SATCHWELL,

Sec. N. C. Med. Society. 185-3t-32-tm April 11th, 1855 HAVING determined on closing up our business in Wilmington, immediately, we now offer for sale, at cost, all our stock of Groceries, Provisions, &c., &c. Merchants

and dealers are invited to call and examine the goods— nearly all of which have been purchased for cash and at the owest market rates. N. B.—All parties indebted to us MUST make IMME-DIATE PAYMENT. FREEMAN & HOUSTON

WE ATTEND to the Surgery of the TEETH and MOUTH, from 10 o'clock, A. M. until 5 P. M. For a gold stepping, \$3; but if large, or difficult, from \$4 is \$5. Cleaning teeth, from \$5 to \$2; Separating a tooth \$1; Extracting a tooth from \$1 to 50 cents; a Pivot tooth from \$10 to \$5. rom \$10 to \$5. Wilmington, Oct. 28th, 1854

NEW FIRM. THE subscriber having, on the first February, taken MR. DAVID E. BUNTING into partnership with him, the business will hereafter be conducted under the name and style of DAVIS & BUNTING.

SAM'L DAVIS THE subscribers would most respectfully announce to the I citizens of Wilmington and the adjacent country, that they now have, and intend keeping constantly on hand, a

general assortment of goods, comprising Dry-Goods, Hats, Shoes, Hardware, Cutlery, Saddlery, Provisions, Groceries, &c., &c. And hope by a strict attention to business to merit a share of the public patronage.

Feb. 20.—142-d&wtf DAVIS & BUNTING. DERSONS in our debt will remember their bills are ready for settlement. Books being closed up, we charge noth-after this date QUINCE & COWAN.

ing after this date BALTIMORE, April 17.—Coffee, Rio 10½@11, Java 13½ @14, and Laguayra 11½ cents \$\pi\$ fb. Flour, Howard street, \$\\$11; City Mills \$\\$11 \$\pi\$ bbl. Rye Flour 7 25 @ \$\\$7 50 \$\pi\$ bbl. Corn Meal, country \$\\$4 56, and city manufacture at \$\\$4 87 \$\pi\$ bbl. Wheat, 2 60@\$2 70, for white and good to in New York as D. C. Freeman & Co. In order that a set-

> tinue to receive strict attention, both in New York and Wil-mington. D. C. FREEMAN. GEO. HOUSTON. March 15th, 1855.

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA, ? New Hanover County. Thos. H. Williams, Adm'r, Petition for sale of lands. vs. Heirs of John Mc Auslan.

Heirs of John Me Auslan.)

In pursuance of a decreee of the County Court, I shall, on Tuesday of the second week of the next Superior Court for this County, offer for sale at public auction, at Exchange Corner, in Wilmington, the following lands, the property of the late John McAuslan, to wit: three lots in the new limits of Wilmington, north of and adjoining the railroad, containing a front on the railroad of seventy-five feet each, and running back about 200 feet; also, one tract, containing 600 access, on the large Island between the North-west River and acres, on the large Island between the North-west River and the Thoroughfare; also, one-half of Battery Island, epposite to Smithville. Terms of sale, one-half cash, the balance at six months, the purchaser giving note with good security.

April 3.—178-3w.] THOS. H. WILLIAMS, Adm'r BUTCHER'S IMPERIAL FILES, just received a full supply. J. M. ROBINSON.

W. L. S. TOWNSHEAD.

W. L. S. TOWNSHEAD,

ROCERY DEPOT—Is just receiving his Spring stock
of Groceries, Underwood's Pickles, Sauces, Olives and
Capers. Also, Pickles in kegs; Fulton Market Beef, Beef
Tongues, Pickled Salmon. o. I and 2 Mackerel, Selected
Codfish, all sorts of Preserves; Green and Black Tea, Soused
or Spiced Salmon, Walnut and Tomato Catsup, French Mustard, English, Mustard, Brown and Crushed Sugar, Lime
Juice and Stoughton Bitters, Ground Coffee and Ground
Spices, Rum, Gin and Whiskey; Marratt, Gautur, and Freres' Brandy: Milk, Sods, Butter and Fancy Cruckers; Imperial and Pale Sherry, Madeira and Port Wine, Champagne and Sparkling Catawba, Scotch and Phil Al's, Best
London Porter, East India Pale Ale. Also, a few of those
Clothes Drying Machines; and Oat Meal.
April 14th, 1855

TEMPTATION, or the Unknown Heiress, by J Frederick TEMPTATION, or the Unknown Heiress. by Smith, author of "Woman and her Master," "Fred Vernon," "Jus Howard," "Minnie Gray." "Amy Law rence," "Stanfield Hall," &c. Just published. Receive and for sale at S. W. WHITAKER'S. April 17, 1855.

Hymns, in all the various styles of binding issued; Disciplines; Wesley's Sermons; The Home Altar; Dr. Andrews on Family Government;

Open Communion, by S W Whitn-y, A. M.; Methodism in Eurnest, by Rev. Ismes Caughey For sale at S W WHITAKER'S DICKLED HERRING .- 50 bbls prime Nova Scotia Just received and for sale by ADAMS, BRO. & CO. MPTY BARRELS .- 225 prime second band just landed

April 18, 1855. PERSONS in want of old Liquors will find it greatly to their advantage to call upon the subscribers, where they can find Scotch Whiskey, Irish ". Sherries. Madeiras,

Holland Gin,

Ginger Brandy, Raspberry Brandy. All of which they offer in lots to suit; put in demijohns of from one to five gallons. Call and taste. QUINCE & COWAN. WHISKEY TUST RECEIVED per Schr. H. P. Russell 25 barrels of

Scuppernong.

assorted brands, for sale by March 22, 1855 HAVANA SEGARS.-10,000 Superior Havana Segars, direct importation. For sale by April 12th, 1855 J. & J. L. HATHAWAY & CO

JUST RECEIVED, THIRTY barrels of prime New Orleans Molasses; Twen-T ty-five barrels clarified Sugar. For sale by Feb. 19, 1855. W. H. McKOY.

SPIRIT BBLS.-200 second hand, spirits bbls on hand, and PETTEWAY & PRITCHETT. WHITE DUCK COATS .- 400 just made up, cut according to the most approved styles, at ril 19-192-tf. SCOTT & BALDWIN'S. April 19 .- 192-tf.

CRAVATS AND SCARFS FOR HOT WEATHER.—
The largest assortment of handsome styles in town. Can be seen at SCOTT & BALDWIN'S. CHEMICALS—1,000 ozs. German, French and English Quinine; 50 lbs. Syrup lodide Iron; 50 lbs Blue Pill Mass; 16 oz. Sulph Morphia; 26 ozs. Sulph Cinchonia, and the largest supply of Chemicals ever offered for sale in this State. For sale at

WILMINGTON ICE HOUSE. THE "Wilmington lee House" will be prepared to supply the wants of the town and surrounding country the comand Master in Equity,
County of New Hanover.

L the wants of the town and surrounding the terms were cash, there are several accounts due for the past season, which the parties can have dereach eye, caused by the alivering said mare to me at 16 1854

L the wants of the town and surrounding to ing season at reasonable rates.

Notwithstanding the terms were cash, there are several accounts due for the past season, which the parties can have at full rates, by calling at the Ice House.

A. H. VANBOKKELEN, Proprietor.

TAILORS' TRIMMIMGS FOR our own use; opened two cases, such as no other house keeps. We have none to sell, only as we use

them in such garments as are made by us.

March 30.—175. SCOTT SCOTT & BALDWIN.

The following is the bill of costs of the late visit the members of the New York legislature to the

RAILROAD MEETING .- The friends of the Wilmington and Charlotte Railrond are solicited to meet at Moore's Creek Church, on SATURDAY, 21st inst., at 12 MANY CITIZENS. | COFFEE, # 16.

NEWELL'S PATENT SAFETY

A NEW ARTICLE, warranted to prevent all Accidents Having purchased the right for the State of N. C., from the Patentee, we are prepared to fill all Orders at short no-tice, for every description and variety of Lamps, &c.
All persons are cautioned against infringing upon the above

a-days to question the excellence of Dr. Hoofland's German Bitters, which are prepared by Dr. C. M. Jackson. In cases of dyspepsia, liver complaint and derangement of the digestive organs, their many virtues have long since been made plainly apparent. They purge from the system the morbid humors which retard their natural functions, and bring palethose clogs upon happiness, and restore the system to high be received. I have no doubt that there will be received. I have no doubt that there will be fighting to do, and I would not deceive any by leav.

| For sale in Wilmington, N. C., by Dr. A. O. BRADLEY, and C. & D. DuPRE, Druggists.

> tives to ascertain his objects, and learn what orders are equally serviceable in all disorders of the liver and sto Sold at the Establishments of Protessor Holloway, 80 Maider

inevitably contrive to do, whether a fleet were sent SOUTHERLAND, of Kenansville, to Miss LUCY J. CARR,

the gulf, neither Spain, England nor France, nor the three combined would permit themselves to be involved in a war with the United States. It is our miserable weakness, as a naval power, that invites

Also, Mr. JAS. EVANS, of Bladen Co., to Miss ELIZABETH TUCKER, daughter of Mr. James Tucker.

In Duplin, on the 8th inst., Mr. BARNEY BISHOP to Miss HANNAH THIGPEN.

Also, Mr. ZEB LANIER, to Miss SUSAN M. BATTS.

his days by the insatiate archer, Death, a void is left in his community, which cannot easily be filled. May the great Disposer of events, comfort and sooth the wounded spirits of

ARRIVED. April 16 .- Steamer Fanny Lutterloh, Stedman, from Fay Schr. Eliza Jane, Richardson, from New York, in ballast, 17 .- Schr. Dixon Swindell, Douglas, from Hyde county,

19 -- Steamer Chatham, Allen, from Fayetteville, to Steamer Fanny Lutterloh, Stedman, for Fayetteville, by W. F. Emott.

April 18—Schr. Lilly, Jones, for New York, by T. C. Worth; with naval stores, &c.

said Company, a in Jacksonville on the first Monday in Jacksonville on the first Monday in purpose of organizing said Company.

JASPER ETHERIDGE,
E. W. WARD, and others,
Commissioners.

STEAM CIRCULAR SAW AND GRIST MILL Island.

Passed by the Legislature of Connecticut.

Passed by the Legislature of Connecticut.

Passed the lower branch of the New Jersey Legislature of Legislature of Mr. Joseph Hiss, of Boston, had been developed by the evidence brought before them, and stow.

Passed by the Legislature of Wisconsin and vetoed, brown as the "NOVATON MILL," circular Saw, veloped by the evidence brought before them, and stow.

Passed for the second time by the Legislature of New Jersey Legislature of New Jersey Legislature of New Jersey Legislature of Wisconsin and vetoed, by the Legislature of Wisconsin and vetoed, by the Legislature of New Jersey Legislature of Mr. Joseph Hiss, of Boston, had been developed by the evidence brought before them, and if true, they were of such a character that a destow.

Passed for the second time by the Legislature of New Jersey Legislature of New Jersey Legislature of New Jersey Legislature of Mr. Joseph Hiss, of Boston, had been developed by the evidence brought before them, and that if true, they were of such a character that a destance of Mr. Joseph Hiss, of Boston, had been developed by the evidence brought before them, and that if true, they were of such a character that a destance of Mr. Joseph Hiss, of Boston, had been developed by the evidence brought before them, and that if true, they were of such a character that a destance of Mr. Joseph Hiss, of Boston, had been developed by the evidence brought before them, and the 26th of May next, the STEAM MILL, Circular Saw, veloped by the 26th of May next, the NOVATON MILL, with Grist attached, known as the "NOVATON MILL," of Corn Meat—Is in fair demand, with light receipts. The continue dull of Gov. Clark.

Passed for the second time by the Legislature of New Jersey Legislature of New Jersey Legislature of Mr. Joseph Hiss, of Boston, had been developed by the evidence brought before them, and the market and we of the Mr. Joseph Hiss, of Boston, had been developed by the Legislature of Mr. Joseph Hiss, of Boston, had been developed by the Legis

Thursday 50 bbls. at 39 cents # gallon. Monday 859 "

Tuesday

Saturday 84 "
Monday 84

The question of a subscription by the town of Wi mington, in its corporate capacity, to the stock of the Wilmington, Charlotte and Rutherford R. R. Co., is one that, we presume, is certain to come before the people of the town for their consideration and decision at an early day. Indeed, this was felt to be so ever since the passage of the bill chartering the Road, and of the act giving the Commissioners of town power. under certain circumstances, to subscribe for such works. We notice, from the reported proceedings of the last meeting of the Board of Commissioners of town, that the Commissioners of the Wilmington. Charlotte and Rutherford R. R. Co. have petitioned for the opening of polls, to decide upon a town subscription of four bundred thousand dollars to the stock of that work, being the extreme limit of subscription allowed to be made to any one work.

We reed hardly remark that our columns are open for all fairly written communications upon this subject, pro and con. In a matter of so much importance, too full and free an expression of public opinion cannot be elicited. But, in thus opening our columns, we do not feel that we have discharged all our duty as public journalists. In assuming that position, we feel that we have assumed with it certain responsibilunderstanding of any question, and of its decision in the manner most accordant with justice, and conducive to the general prosperity.

In this matter we are to look, first, at the advantages to be secured and the burdens to be imposed, and second, at the distribution of these burdens and advantages among the persons composing this community, the last being quite as essential a consideration as the first. Now there can be no question about the great prospective advantage to the trade of the town likely to arise from the completion of such a work. This is undoubted and conceded, and has been enforced too frequently to call for a recensideration at the present time. The burdens of a town subtendency which all public assumption of the field of the Thompson case were the same. private interprise has to relax the exertions of the latter, making individuals much more inclined to call upon Hercules, and less disposed to put their own shoulders to the wheel. Now suppose four hundred thousand dollars worth of bonds sold, and twentyfour thousand dollars yearly tax imposed to pay the interest thereon, the danger would be, that the high rates of rent rendered necessary, would impose burdens upon business and residence here sufficient to drive away capital, which is not bound to any place. and prevent the influx of population by rendering it impossible for people of moderate means to live here; and this would operate for a length of time before any compensating advantages could be realized from the Road or any dividends accrue to assist in bearing its burdens. Our town elections instead of being influenced simply by considerations pertaining to our own local government would become mixed up with Railroad policy and Railroad appointments, and parties in town be made to act upon the Road, and parties on the Road brought to bear up town.

As to the burdens, it is manifestly impossible that they could be made to bear equally. No burdens can be made so to bear. To the man of limited means, with but a house in which to live, and a negro or two to do the work of his family, the taxation would be all clear burden. His house would not accommodate his family a whit better, nor his negroes do his work more industriously. The mechanic would have to pay higher rent and receive no higher wages. The added to the cost of living here.

These considerations, we know, apply to all taxation, and therefore, are by no means conclusive against this. In truth all taxation is a necessary evil, and in submitting to it the ground is that the good to be effected will overbalance that evil. Will the good a party of Paraguayans, while engaged in the explo- looked for. to be derived from a town subscription of four hundred thousand dollars overcome the evil of the increased taxation which it will render necessary? This is the question, and we confess it is one that we are not prepared to answer in the affirmative. It is too much. It would impose too heavy burdens. It would be kept on deck ;-a shot killed the man at the helm, press too heavily upon men of moderate means and cut the wheel-ropes, and disabled the steering-wheel. ble. small property holders. It would defer the growth Under these circumstances the vessel was forced to of population, and, perhaps scare away capital, which return down the river, which was too narrow for her day for the Crimea dreads excessive taxation. All these we think it to turn in, in consequence of which she had to run one hundred and fifteen thousand. would do. We may be mistaken, but we do not think down past the fort stern foremost, exchanging fire

But we do not wish for a moment to be understood tion, even in opposition to many of our political and only stopped by the want of water or the want of a bly split on this question. party friends. We favour a subscription to the Wil- pilot. mington Charlotte and Rutherford R. R. as liberal as that to the Manchester Road, nay, more liberal inasmuch as we presume no interest will be guaran- above. ted on the bonds which may be issued in this latter case. Nay we go farther—we go for a greater a- eulogising "the big heart, and bold, manly intellect mount. We feel the necessity of the case and yield of Henry Clay!"-Wilmington Herald. to it. We would even go as high as one hund And pray, what so wonderful in this? We are as dred and fifty thousand dollars, but not four hun- sensible as ever of the political errors and failings of

would like removed. The grant of power to make that he never joined a party of which he was ashamthis subscription evidently comes under the head of ed to acknowledge himself a member, nor required to that thirty days notice shall be given of intention to cal order. There will be no Henry Clays in the counapply for the passage of all such acts. Perhaps such cils of Know Nothingism .- Daily Journal, 14th inst. notice was given here, but we confess to our ignorance on that score, and every person whom we meet was its passage. We ask for information, for this burg Intelligencer, Know Nothing, has the following lies at the bottom of the whole matter, in our opin- morsel of very blank verse. ion, and unless satisfactorily shown, must vitiate any bonds issued under authority of the law, for no subsequent action of the people can give force to an invalid law. The same we think will apply to some other matters, to which we respectfully call the attention of those in authority, as well as the public generally, who are deeply interested in these matters. It is essential that there should be no doubts left hanging over affairs of so much importance to our

We wish it distinctly understood that as a general rule we look upon municipal expenditures for purposes outside of the municipality, as of very doubtful Cc., are bad ones. The personal propriety. It is carrying things beyond their origi. Woods have been offered for sale. nal intention, which is the right government of the No arrivals are reported. municipality, and it is bringing other than local issues into what ought to be purely a local adminis- Francisco, March 23.

tration. We yield only to what is believed to be the existing necessities of the case. We know that it may be said we have but little property to be taxed, and ought to have little to say in this matter, but if the pen editorial is to be restrained in its efforts by the length of the editor's purse, the press might as well shut up shop at once.

ABOUT HOME MATTERS .- The Fire in the woods East of this, which has been progressing for the last week, seems to have been far more destructive than had been anticipated, both in timber, fences and Turpentine boxes, a large number of the latter belonging to John A. Sanders, Esq , and others having been destroyed. The light in the eastern sky did not show last night, from which we presume that the fire has died out or vielded to efforts made to arrest its progress.

By the way, talking about "home matters," we think it is a matter that comes home to most people, to know that Thursday next is the day set apart, appropriated and peculiarly devoted to putting an end to this wicked and deeply indebted world,-to the cancellation of all claims, and the returns of all executions-so the Second Advent people say, and they ought to know, or even if they don't what's the odds, since to know nothing is the fashion of the hour.

A gentleman who has been making a foray among play upon the French lines the Philistines of New York in the way of buying goods, and has just returned from Broadway, informs us that the fiat has gone forth that for and during the ities and certain duties which we cannot fairly evade coming summer, all shirt collars shall be turned down or neglect. Among these responsibilities and duties a la Byorn or somebody else. This is a merciful reis the expression of such opinions upon matters of prieve to certain ears, which have awakened our public interest as we may deem conducive to a fair sympathies on account of the emminent risk which they run of being cut off by stiff shirt collars, suspected of being made of varnished tin. This is a matter which comes home to the wearers of shirt collars. and every body wears collars, at least.

> has opened this Spring with a rush, and all the appearances of a prosperous trade.

> In the case of Thompson, indicted on the charge of starving two children to death, we understand that the trial lies over until the next term of Columbus Superior Court. It is a mistake about its being removed to Brunswick.

The counsel in the Fields case were Solicitor Strange and R. S. French, Esq., for the State, and the line of ambuscades occupied by the Russian sharpscription are equally evident in a permanent indebt- M B. Smith, J. G. McDugald, and Forney George, shooters, and at the same time the Russians made edness and an onerous taxation, to say nothing of the Esqrs., for the defence. We believe the counsel in

> Somebody, in days so long gone by that it makes no matter what his name was, offered a "liberal re- April. ward" for a new pleasure. We really think that an equally liberal reward would be due from the editorial profession to that man who would start some new subject of discussion, not altogether threadbare and out at the elbows. There is no news from the "Chimera," -no particularly new or amusing developments of the 2,000,000, at 4 per cent. Massachusetts School Inquisition for the purpose of have thought over and written over the Charlotte money for it, that being out of our editorial line alto- majority. gether. When we get hold of any we will think of

Finally, his Satanic majesty is not dead-Sebasto- war continued its sessions, and the revelations were pol is not taken-Cuba is not annexed, and money is still more appalling. not plenty.

P. S.-We were mistaken. There is a "Spanish outrage." See particulars as copied from the Union.

Daily Journal, 13th inst. ONE OF THE "TRIUMPHS."-One of the triumphs of expected to sail on the 2d of April. Sam" over which our former Whig cotemporaries have been rejoicing, is the election of Know-Nothing diately advanced from the public treasury, and the tion of Sebastopol, but the reduction of the Russian town officers at the municipal election held last week other million a year hence if necessary. in Edenton. It turns out that the majority was professional man would find the cost of living enhanc- three, in a town which has always gone largely Whig. ed, for of course twenty-four thousand dollars of in- Why, the Whigs did better under their old name. creased tax would be twenty-four thousand dollars From the vote in Edenton, it is clear that many of Harden, the British Minister, on the subject of the the more conservative Whigs even refused to coalesce, religions, &c.; and it was a question whether the with such an organization as Know-Nothingism.

> We notice that the U.S. Surveying Steamer Water-Witch was fired into in the beginning of January by ernment. A satisfactory adjustment was accordingly ration of the Rio Parana and its tributaries, in pur-Paraguay. The Water-Witch was fired upon from a battery nearly opposite the mouth of the Paraguay River; -the pilot she had taken on board could not with it as she passed.

But we do not wish for a moment to be understood as opposed to some action on the part of town. The cree issued by President Lopez, forbidding the end was improving.

The Vienna Conference.—The fourth sitting of The Vienna Conference is represented as having been It is supposed that this action arose out of a de-

The Union says that our government has not yet been officially apprized of the collision as detailed

WONDER OF WONDERS !- The Journal of yesterday

dred thousand, nor anything like it. The excessive Mr. Clay as ever we were. They were such as would cost of living here, now, is the great back-set of the have prevented his receiving our support during his place. It cripples it all round. It is far higher than life, as would prevent any man receiving our sup- length been settled. at any other point in the State. This would be port now. But let these faults and failings rest. Let doubled against us by a debt of four hundred thousand us remember of the dead only what is good-let us only feel that, right or wrong, Henry Clay was bold But there is one difficulty in the way which we and above disguise—that he spoke out like a man, "Private Acts," and we believe that the law requires be bound by oaths within the walls of a secret politi-

K. N. POETRY.—Under a list of the Know-Nothing three days later than the advices per steamer Washis equally at fault. The first we heard of the law Candidates for State officers, in Virginia, the Peters- ington. The steamer Canada, which was delayed at to be tried for their lives this week, and Senor Cas-

Under this flag we fight! Under this flag we will conquer ! "Groan, sinners, groan!"
The day of retribution is at hand!

A Week later from California-Arrival of the Prometheus at New Orleans. NEW ORLEANS, April 13 .- The steamer Prometheus arrived here to-day, with San Francisco dates to the be received. Meanwhile, however, the Conference ranny! 24th ult. Business was very dull, with sales at re-

duced prices. The recent rains had made some improvement at citizens. The laws of North Carolina require publi-city in such cases.

The laws of North Carolina require publi-the mines, and the growing crops promise well.

Messrs. Wells, Fargo & Co. had resumed business, and Messrs. Page, Bacon. & Co. would resume on the 29th.

The failures of Mr. Wright and Messrs. Adams & army as having much improved, but the actual works

Capt. Cropper, of the steamship Cortez, died at St.

ARRIVAL OF THE WASHINGTON.

FOUR DAYS LATER FROM EUROPE. NEW YORK, April 12 —The steamship Washington, from Havre via Southampton, with Liverpool

evening. Her advices are four days later than those received per steamer Baltic. The steamer Canada had not arrived out when the Washington left.

THE VIENNA CONFERENCE. The proceedings of the Vienna Conference appear tions disagreeable to Russia.

It was understood that the conference had agree upon the first two points, and that the critical third point on which the question of peace or war turns was under consideration and would occupy several days. The demolition of Sebastopol would not be division to be sent to Russia. demanded. On the other hand another dispatch says :- " All conjecture as to the results is idle."

THE LATEST FROM VIENNA. March 27th, Evening .- The state of the political horizon has again become gloomy, and the confer- the French hospital at Constantinople. ence of the day previous on the third point was anything but satisfactory, the conditions required by Russia being very disagreeable.

FROM BEBASTOPOL. Odessa advices of the 24th ultimo state that the Russians, in spite of repeated attacks, maintained their position on Mount Seponne, whence their guns

The weather continued fine and the health of the troops improving. The advanced batteries of the British were making considerable progress. According to information received from deserters

the Emperor's death had not been promulgated in Sebastopol. Omer Pacha arrived at the allied camp on the 12th. and on the 13th the Russians opened fire from the heights of Balaklava, but the English, assisted by

General Kuoys, routed them. On the 17th, the Russians attacked the whole line of the allies, but were driven back with great loss. Projects for converting Sinope into a strong fort The Salisbury Watchman says that business there topol, are favored by the British government.

The alliance between Sardinia and the Porte was signed on the 15th ultimo. Prince Gortschakoff arrived at Sebastopol on the 20th ult.

On the 17th the Turkish cavalry at Eupatoria made sortie, but were repulsed. On the 17th three battalions of Zouaves attacked the new Russian redoubts before Sebaptopol, but

were driven back with great loss. On the night of the 15th the French troops carried sortie, but they were repulsed. FRANCE.

Preparations continued to be made at Constantinople, to receive Napoleon. In the mean time he and the Empress will visit Queen Victoria on the 16th o France agrees, says the London Morning Herald.

to send 5,000 additional troops to the Crimea, after the close of the Vienna conference, provided England will furnish the means of conveyance.

ENGLAND. Sardinia is in the English market for a loan of

In the House of Commons, Mr. Phina moved address to the queen, praying that in the peace negosearching young ladies' ward-robes, and crowding stations exertions be made for the reconstruction of into the chambers of sick girls; -strangely enough, Poland. After a debate, in which Lord Palmerston neutrality by Sweden, she is fitting out a fleet prothere is not even a new "Spanish outrage." We opposed the motion on the ground of creating fur-

ther difficulties, it was withdrawn. In the House of Commons the second reading of the Railroad project, and done everything but poney up bill to abolish newspaper stamps passed by a large Sir Charles Wood stated that it was intended, as

it, but there is no use in talking about remote con- soon as the ports in the Baltic and White Sea open, taining a strict blockade. to establish a strict blockade. The committee of inquiry

state of affairs was made.

Dantzic advices of the 17th report the navigation opened there. At Rima the ice remained unaltered. Tie bulk of the British Baltic fleet at Spithead Parliament has agreed to Sardinia's request for a loan of £2,000,000 sterling, one million to be imme-

ENGLAND AND SPAIN. The Madrid correspondent of the London Times tentiaries, having no power to act on this proposition, states that the Spanish Cabinet has been discussing remitted the matter to St. Petersburg—and there the a strong note addressed to the Government by Lord

letter should not be returned to the author. Lord Howden got wind of this and threatened that if such an insult was offered he would, within six the deliberations. hours, suspend all intercourse with the Spanish gov-

suance of a treaty between the United States and An Expected Split on the Black Sea Question-Ap- drift ice. *palling Revelations of the English Army, &c.

NEW YORK, April 12.-We have the following further interesting intelligence : WAR MATTERS .- The suffering of the English troops in the hospital at Scutari are reported as terri-

The imperial guard of France left Paris on Tues-The total effective Russian army in the Crimea is

The position of the allies is now completely shut in by enclosure of formidable entrenchments, extending in the heights of Balaklava. Important events

dollars to the Wilmington and Manchester Road, the aquay. This is said to be directly contrary to the the Vienna conference is represented as having been interest on which was paid by the Road until that treaty for the free Navigation of the River which has very stormy. At London the impression appears to be that Russia will not accede to the condition rework was completed. We favoured that subscript just been concluded. The survey for the present is garding the Black Sea. The conference will proba-

Constantinople letters, however, indulge hopes of

ENGLAND .- The revelations of the Roebuck committee of the British Parliament, inquiring into the We clip the following from the Charleston Courier. conduct of the war and the late condition of the troops

in the Crimea, are appalling.

FRANCE.—Fifty arrests had been made in Paris of parties implicated in the conspiracy to assassinate the Emperor at the late review of the Imperial

Guards. The prevalent opinion at Paris is that peace is near

AUSTRIA AND SWITZERLAND .- The three years dispute between Switzerland and Austria has at

ARRIVAL OF STEAMER AMERICA THREE DAYS LATER FROM EUROPE.

NOTHING DECISIVE BEFORE SEBASTOPOL. Critical Aspect of the Vienna Conference.

Cotton Buoyant-Downward tendency of Breadstuffs Consols Advanced. HALIFAX, April 13 .- The steamer America arrived

here last night with dates to Saturday, the 31st ult., Boston until the 17th ult., arrived out on the 29th. The affairs in the Crimea are unchanged.

Public attention was concentrated upon the proceedings of the Vienna Conference, which is represented to have met with great difficulty in the settlement of the third point, although the demand of the Allies had been much moderated. The Russian Plenipotentiary had referred the matter to St. Petersburg for the decision of the Czar, and the debate on I calculate it will not, but that eventually the very the point had been postponed until his reply should women of Cuba, will be found fighting against tywould discuss the fourth point.

The French Minister of Foreign Affairs, De L'-Huys, has been to London to confer with the English Cabinet upon the momentous question involved in the third point. AFFAIRS AT SEBASTOPOL .- The London Times

special correspondent describes the condition of the

A formidable Russian force has assembled around Eupatoria, virtually besieging the place; but the Russians could not hold Eupatoria if captured, as it

is completely under the guns of the English fleet.

Lord Raglan's latest despatch announces that a steady fire was going on without any change in the aspect of affairs. Important operations, however, were going on. The Russians continue to strengthen their works recently thrown up in advance of the Malakoff Tower. Efforts were making to destroy dates to Wednesday, the 28th ult., arrived here this them and nightly encounters took place between the evening. Her advices are four days later than those French and Russian riflemen. The latter have been repeatedly dislodged but again return to their pits under cover of the Prussian batteries.

The death of Menschikeff is reported. FROM ASIA -- The British frigate Uper had destroyed the Martelle Tower and barracks at Dijimitara, which to be unsatisfactory. The allies do not insist on the the Russians recently constructed for the defence of destruction of Sebastopol, but propose other condi- their communication between Anapa and Kerstch. The Circassians were menaced by land, and were

promised attack They had, however, taken and burnt a small fort at the head of Soujak bay. FRANCE.—Reports have been received of a French

The Paris Presse states, but the statement is contradicted by other papers, that the allies have assented to a truce.

There was no loss of life by the recent burning of Drouyn De L'Huys, the minister of foreign affairs, has gone to London to hold a consultation with the

administration there, and afterwards he will proceed

to the conference at Vienna. It has been officially announced in the Moniteur that the Emperor Napoleon and Eugenia will visit Queen Victoria about the middle of April.

GREAT BRITAIN .- In Parliament the Sardinian convention had been discussed. England engages to borrow money at 5 per cent, and loan the same to Sardinia at 4 per cent. Roebuck's committee continue their inquiry into the management of the war. Certain documents

called for connected with Admiral Dundas' conduct have been refused by the House of Commons. There was a motion made in the House to render the Indian army available in the European war. Parliament was to adjourn over at Easter until the

16th of April. Nine ships of the advanced British squadron for the Baltic sailed from Leal on the 28th ultimo. Mr. Buchanan had attended a dinner at the Sea-

aid rendered to 1.500 sick American sailors. Lord Palmerston presided Forged bills of lading have appeared in the Liverpool market to the amount of £14,000 sterling, all

shipped to Charleston, South Carolina, by James C. Nichols. The fraud was accomplished by the insertion of the word hundred after the units in the body of the bills. SPAIN .- The Vienna papers state that Spain and

confirmation.

PRUSSIA AND AUSTRIA .- The difficulty between Austria and Prussia is increasing. The Prussian Cabinet has retorted to the Austrian circular of March 8th by sending a circular to the Prussian Representatives at the German Courts respecting Austrian citizens with the Germanic Diet. The language of the circular is quite hostile to Austria, and the cirthreatening Prussia with military dangers, while to the rest of Europe she talks of neace.

TURKEY .- The export of corn from Bessarabia has been prohibited. Russia. - A manifesto from the Holy Synod of the Russian Church has been promulgated, inciting the

Russian nation to war in defence of their faith. SWEDEN .- Notwithstanding the declarations of visioned for three months.

CHINA .- Shanghai dates to February 6th state that repulsed with some loss by the insurgents. The country around Canton is in the hands of the insurgents, who officially notify their intention of main-

There are rumors of another repulse of the French. At the annual meeting of the British and American will stay two days and then go on to Vienna. He up our relations with foreign countries unless Amer-Land Company, a highly satisfactory exhibit of the was closeted with the leading ministers three hours icans, in the character of ministers or ambassadors. to-day, and subsequently had a lengthened audience visit and reside at foreign courts? with the Queen He will bear to Vienna the irrevo-

> cable determination of the allies on the third point. proceeded to the fourth point. Everything hinges The Western Powers did not demand the demoli-

power in the Black sea, and offering in return to this now about a visit to the Roxbury school? Wby downward. Western Canal flour nominally at 39s; Phila evacuate Russian territory. The Russian Plenipomatter rests for the present. All the Plenipotentiaries at Vienna have sent

their governments for further instructions. Prince Gortschakoff on the 26th moved in the Conference that Prussia be admitted to a participation in

One thousand English Lancers have arrived at Suez from India. From Copenhagen and Elsinore there is information that the Baltic is still much obstructed with

A dispatch from Madrid, under date of March 29, for the priest, and who stirs up their feather beds! announces that Espartero resisted the demand for a There must be no backing out now-no step backdemocratic modification of the ministry made by dif- ward. We are in for it, Mr. Chairman, and our salferent leaders of militia who assembled at night - vation depends on going ahead. The whole thing, I Attempts at disorder had been made but failed, and know, is a humbug; but our party is a humbug-the Madrid was tranquil.

Dates from Hong Kong to the 15th of February, shall we, its originators, kill it? Never, sir. It will report that the insurgents were besieging Canton; had taken one of the ports and plundered the sur-

rounding villages. There are no favorable indications from St. Peters-A new Belgian Ministry has been formed. From Spain there is intelligence that Espartero

has resisted the demand for a modification of the Less conscientious men in abundance will be found to constitution. The Ministry were gaining ground at fill their places. From Canton the accounts represent the insurgents

as being tranquil. LATER FROM HAVANA.

The Steamship Isabel arrived at Charleston on the 12th inst., having left Havana on the morning of the 10th. Her news is not of much importance.-Havana Correspondence.

HAVANA. April 1, 1855 .- I had barely sufficient time yesterday to announce to you the execution of Francisco Estrampes, but having since then collected a few interesting particulars in relation to him. I

now have the pleasure of sending them:
When the Priest approached him when in the Chapel, with the view to "confess" him, he refused to enter upon that ceremonial, and engaged the Rev. gentlemen in a Theological discussion, which proved he was no believer in the dogmas of the Roman Cath. olic Church. He professed a belief in the Diety and in the saving power of the Saviour, not in a particu-

He walked from the Punta Jail to the scaffold, with

head erect, and with as firm a gait as though he was marching to a triumph, and when on the scaffold, in a clear, loud, distinct voice exclaimed " Viva la libertad, Muera el Tirano!" (" Live Liberty, Death to Tyrants !") No effort that human invention could devise was omitted by Col. Robertson, Acting U. S. Consul, who, upon this sad occasion, has behaved in a manner which does honor to the high office which he fills. I understand two other parties are tillo, late President of the Savings' Bank, whose only offence consists in having obtained a bill upon New Orleans for the late Ramon Pinto, is to be banished to Spain. Pinelo, Cadaizo, and seventy others go to the galleys next week. This is a wholesale method of getting rid of rebellious subjects, but will i render the remaining inhabitants of the " ever faithfull Isle " more contented with their present rulers

A considerable addition of Spanish soldiers, I learn are expected here very shortly.

New Orleans Races. NEW ORLEANS, April 10 .- Brown Dick won the

Tom Thumb's Father has gone crazy.

Know-Knothing Defeat. PATTERSON, N. J., April 10 .- At the municipal

election in this city on Monday the know-nothings were defeated in four out of the five wards. Van Blarcum, the Union candidate for mayor, was elected by 100 majority over Ingles, the know-nothing can-

MESSRS. EDITORS .- The following is the speech of the Hon. Augustus Cæsar Bum, in secret conclave on the night of the 4th inst., in defence of the nunnery the night of the 4th inst., in defence of the nunnery committee. Having already reported one of the many speeches of this remarkable statesman, I have many speeches of this remarkable statesman, I have supposed the public would be grateful, and thank supposed the public would be grateful, and thank the Post, for another. By what means your occatine Post, for another. By what means your occatine Post, for another a speech speech state of the nunnery with the post, in defence and the public would be grateful, and thank supposed the public would be grateful. sional reporter come in a position to report a speech still erecting batteries, but had failed to make their delivered before the "order," in the secrecy of the

> It may be proper to preface the speech with one or two introductory observations. The doings of the nunnery committee were under consideration. Not a few of the members thought they had put their scheme for the members th foot in, and that if they had not done a most illegal act, they certainly had a very silly one. Silas E. Peep, brother of Titus A. Peep, in a short speech, admitted that the legislature in the first instance, and the committee in the second, were justly the laughing stock of the whole country for the ridiculous step into which both, in their fanaticism, had been led, and he thought the people would hardly be

such fools as to let them off with a mere laugh .-"Take my word for it," said Mr. Peep, "there are thousands of men in Massachusetts who never forgive, and many hundred thousands who never forget. Retraction is our only course. I go for expunging the record." At this stage of the discussion, Mr. Bum was seen slowly to get upon his legs! His little red dog, which he had all along held under his right arm, was carefully laid on the cushing he had occupied, and all eyes were turned on the member from Essex or from regions adjacent.

"Mr. Chairman," said Mr. Bum, "Expunge the record?" "retract?" No sir, never! never, sir!-Retraction would be an acknowledgment of knowman's Hospital, London, and returned thanks for the nothing fallibility. Retract or expunse, and we are gone forever. Why? Gentlemen talk as if we are bound to do right-to do as an honest party would. I admit no such absurdity. Do we not exist in contravention of common sense-in violation of the spirit of the constitution-in opposition to every element of a free government? Talk of such a party retracting! No, Mr. Chairman, I am for duplicaing (Mr. Bum was once an auctioneer) the outrage, if visiting the nunnery were an outrage. I am for Portugal have acceeded to the western alliance and creating a committee to visit every family of "foreign signed a treaty at Paris on the 21st ult. It needs extraction" in the state. If Tight as a Peep's brother is frightened he can withdraw—apostatize, mizzle. change to notice in dip and scrape turpentine. Tar is lamer What right, I beg leave to ask, has an Irishman or and cannot be quoted over \$1 50 to \$1 65, according to size German Catholic to close his door against any American who chooses to overhaul his domicil? No. no. Mr. Chairman, I am for walking right into everything that ever crossed the Atlantic. In fact, sir, our next move must be against every American born we have only to note a sale of 400 bbls. North Connty, pro who has ever visited Europe. Thin you a man can vious to arrival, at \$3 12½ % 280 lb.—stock 8@900 bbls. who has ever visited Europe. Thin you a man can cular further charges Austria with dissimulation in step foot on foreign soil without acquiring ideas hostile to genuine Americanism? It can't be done, sir. It never did happen. Call to mind the Lawrences, the Everetts, the Eliots, and hundreds of other Mas-

sachusetts men; aint they eternally talking about London, and Paris, and Rome and other foreign villages? always bragging about the great lords and paronets, and the great temples and princely palaces? Such men will write a whole chapter about some old cathedral and its old nasty trappings. Think of that. Men in ecstacies over a Catholic meeting-house! It isn't in nater that a man can come away uncontamithe French had again attacked that city, but were nated. We must set our faces against all travellers in Europe. They corrupt our country, and they'll corrupt know-nothingism if but half a dozen of them

get a lodgment in the grand " order." Mr. Peep-Will the gentleman allow me to make

London, Friday night.—The French Minister of Mr. Peep-I wish to ask, and I hope the gentle-Foreign Affairs left here to night for Paris, where he man will inform us, how are we as a nation to keep

Mr. Bum-(After some confusion and a long pause) -I'll answer the gentleman. We'll have no inter-It is not true, as first reported, that the conference course; we'll neither send nor receive ambassadors. We'll stay at home, and England and all her dependencies (especially catholic) may be d-d! That's

my answer to the gentleman. But to return to the question before us. Why all this bluster in prose and blank verse? I'll tell you, Mr. Chairman. The committee did not half do its duty. Its lip and arm attentions, it seems, were bestowed too exclusively on the young misses. Hud the lady superior received a magnificent know nothing hug, she never would have filled the ears of newspapers with complaints. The fact is, there were too many young men on that committee. It needs reconstructing. It wants more of the bone of the legislature and less of its mere muscle. I shall move tomorrow an addition to that committee, with instructions to visit every private Catholic dwelling in the commonwealth; nay more, sir, every Catholic house of worship. I want to know who does the cooking most magnificent one this country has ever seen; and die soon enough without any aid from us. One blast (and it will come) of Anglo-Saxon common sense will blow the whole concern sky-high. Till then, let us reap the fruits of our still successful cheat. If Peep and his friends, if friends he have, are sick of the party, all I have to say is, the space they occupy in our councils is worth more to us than their presence.

Here Mr. Bum took up his dog and resumed his seat, amidst a storm of applause and a few hisses .-Mr. Peep's reply the reporter may furnish on some

future occasion. Which being interpreted means Alpheus Thistle, reporter for the Boston Post on great occasions only.

[From the North Carolina Standard.] The following card from Mr. Tate, of Haywood county, (says the last Asheville News,) is only the precursor of many more such blasts, which will be heard before the first day of August. Honest, unsus-

pecting men may be lured into Know-Nothing lodges, but when they learn the truth, they will, like American freemen, shake off the fetters with which political tricksters have sought to bind their will and their consciences. We are informed that Mr. Tate is a respectable citizen, and that his statements are entitled WAYNESVILLE, N. C., March 28, 1855.

MR. EDITOR :- Believing it to be the duty of evev citizen to expose the misrepresentations and tricks designing men and politicians, I ask you to give lace in your paper to this note. Not long since, at the urgent and repeated solicitation of certain persons, I was induced to join the so-

ciety commonly called the order of Know-Nothings, lately established in this county. After being initiated, I soon found that the whole object and aim were entirely different from what had been represented to While I do not admit that the oath of secrecy administered to me at the time of my initiation, (considering the fraudulent manner in which I was induced to take it.) ought to restrain me from speaking freely, if I think it necessary, nevertheless I forbear to go into details. It is sufficient for me to say that I am satisfied that the whole scheme is a cunning device of unsuccessful politicians, who hope by cheating and deceiving the people to get into office. They expect by secret oaths to get the control of the votes of American freemen, and thus compel them to vote for men not of their choice, but as the managers of the order may direct. I therefore advise all honest men to keep out of the concern, and to retain in their own hands the right that belongs to every citizen of this RUSSELL TATE.

Even the plastic name of know-nothingism cannot keep the fusionists of New Hampshire together .-Their organ, the Concord Reporter, sends forth the

following discordant notes: three mile race to-day, beating Arrow in two straight heats—time 5 min. 33 sec. and 5 min. 28 sec.—the latter being three seconds quicker than the time in which Lexington performed the first three miles of and part of them, out of the State, They exist, part of them, out of the State, amount of the note not recollected, but known to be about saturday, a note made by Wm. R. McKell to be about Saturday and the saturday and the saturday and the saturday and the sa t three miles of and part of them in the very heart and organization

cisely what is wanted, at the present juncture, to save

Marine Intelligence.

PORT OF WILMINGTON, NORTH-CAROLINA

ARRIVED. April 12—Burque Catharine, Watts, from New York, in ballast, to J. H. Flanner.
Schr. Wake, O'Neal, from New York, to George Harriss;

with mdze.

Sohr. Wm. H. Howard, Brown, from Topsail Inlet, to
Geo. Harriss; with mdze. from Schr. Mary Powell.

Steamer Fanny Lutterloh, Stedman, from Fayetteville, to W. P. Elliot.

Brig May Queen, Clifford, from Wiscasset, Me., to J. H. Chadbourn & Co.; with hay and brick.
Schr. Emily Ward, Ward, from New York, to George night, with locks turned and windows fastened down against all the world and "the rest of mankind," it against a state of phia, to T. C. Worth; with mdze.

15—Schr. Roan, Jones. from Boston, in ballast, to Peirce

Schr. Pacific, Farrow, from Savannah, in ballast, to C. W. Bradley.

CLEARED.

April 12-Schr. Mary Isabella, Darrington, for Baltimore by Russell & Bro.; with naval stores, cotton and lumber.

13—Steamer Fanny Lutterloh, Stedman, for Fayetteville by W. P. Elliott. Steamer James R. Grist, Williams, for Fayetteville, by A

April 14-Schr. Empire, Mullen, for Boston, by T. C. Worth; with naval stores.
Schr. Wm. L. Springs, Willetts, for Philadelphia, by T. Worth: with naval stores, &c. Brig Iza, Williams, for Boston, by Adams, Bro. & Co. April 14—Schr. Onward, Smith, for Boston, by J. & D. Me. Rae & Co.; with 61 bbls. rosin, 175,000 feet lumber.

D. Cazaux.

Schr. Gulf Stream, Cranmer, for Boston, by George Harriss; with 55 bbls. spirits turpentine, 2,550 do. rosin, 60.50 16—Barque Saranac, Bigley, for Cuba, by J. & J. L. Hath away & Co.; with lumber.
Schr. H. Hallock, Pow, for New York, by J. H. Flanner

with naval stores, &c.
Schr. Thomas Denison, Story, for Nantucket, Mass., by J & D. McRae & Co.; with 20 bbls. tar, 20 do. pitch, 112,000 feet lumber.

FAYETTEVILLE, April 12.—Bacon, 9@9½. Beeswar 24@25. Coffee Rio, 12@13. Laguira, 13½. St. Domingo 00@00. Cotton—Fair to good, 8½@8½; ordinary to mid., 7½ 8. Feathers 40@45. Flour Superfine, 9 15@9 25, Fine Scratched, \$8 50@8 75. Grain-Corn, 1 00@1 Wheat, \$0@0 00. Oats 65@70; Peas, 80@90; Rye, \$1 00@0 00. Hides Dry, 10@11; Green, 4@5. Lard 10@10 Salt—Liverpool, (sack,) 1 85@2 00. Alum b bu. 0 00@

Cotton-We advance our quotations, with a quite anima ted market. Flour—We again put up our figures, with an upward tendency. Corn—Steady. Turpentine—Yellow dip \$2; Scrape \$1. Spirits 35.

WASHINGTON, April 11. - Naval Stores-We have no and quality. In Rosin and Spirits no sales to report. Corn is in good demand for shipping at 80 cents, and is much want.

NEW YORK, April 14.—(3 previous days)—Naval Stores

The market for Turpentine has continued very dull, and Spirits Turpentine, has not varied since Tuesday—stock 4@ 5000 bbls. Common Resin is held higher, \$1 621 being refused in some instances—stock light. White Rosin is dull Tar is without change, though a little more plenty. We note besides the above, sales of 900 bbls. Spirits Turpen tine, at 412@42 cents, cash—the latter chiefly in shipping order; 4000 Common Rosin, (including some low No. 1) \$1 60@\$1 65 \$3 310 fb., delivered; 663 low No. 1, \$1 65 bbl., in yard; 500 White, \$1 87½ \$\pi 310 \text{ lb., in yard; 210} \text{North County Tar, \$2 44@\$2 50, as it runs, in yard, allowance to fill; and 150 Southern Pitch, \$2 25 \$\pi\$ bbl. Rice—
The market is active and buoyant, with an advance on all The sales of the week amount to about 1600 tes. at \$4 75@\$5 871, eash.

HAVANA, April 8.—Sugars—Whites, inferior to florete, 8@10 rials; Yellows, do. 54@74; Browns, D S, No's 11 to 12, 54@5½; Cucuruchos, No's 8 to 10, 4½@5, f. o. b. Muscovados at outports continue to be held firm at from 44@5½ rials for inferior to prime. Molasses remains unaltered, last report, at 24@24 rials for clayed and 34@4 rials for Mus covado. Rice—A few small parcels South-Carolina have been sold at 134@134 and 14 rials per arrobe, whilst 500 bags superior from Valancia, realized 11½ rials per arrobe. Flour—Has a downward tendency. Lumber—White Pine dull, a small quantity of Sacarapp Boards, ex. brig L. Webb, realized \$25, and the cargo P. P. of the barque Mozart from Pensacola, superior quality, sold at \$29, six months credit.— Super. Box Shooks very dull, without demand. 1000 Molasses Hogshead Shooks, ex. Gov. Parris, city made, sold at 21 rials, very dull. Muscovado do extremely dull at 21 rials Empty Hhds. in demand at \$3. Hoops, 12 feet R. I., at \$40,

LIVERPOOL, March 31.-Cotton-Sales of the week 82. 500 bales, including 11,000 bales to speculators and 15,000 bales for export. The market has been buoyant and closes with an active demand, which is freely met by holders. ()

leans Fair 52; Middling 5 3-19; Upland Fair 54; Midd Breadstuffs have slightly declined, and the tendency delphia and Baltimore flour 42s @ 43s, new 36 @ 40s. White Wheat 10 @ 10s 9d. Mixed Corn 42s 6d; yellow Corn 43s;

white Corn 42 @ 43s, ex ship.

Provisions have slightly declined, and the market is dull Beef and Pork are depressed. Bacon has declined is. Lard is firm at 45s. Tallow is steady, and prices are unchanged. Naval Stores.—Rosin is active at unchanged prices, 4s. 2d. @ 4s. 3d.; Turpentine is a trifle lower at 7s. 6d.; Spirits steady and prices unchanged, 33s. @ 33s. 6d.; Linseed Oil steady and prices unchanged, 34s. 6d.; Bark closes dull; Dyewoods are active and prices unchanged—the market is firm.
Coffee is steady; Sugar is easier but not quotably lower; Rice, none in market. Tobacco is steady and prices are un-

Money Market.—The Money market is easier. Consols for money are quoted firm at 93‡. Bullion in the Bank of England has increased £700 000 Manchester advices are more favorable.

Baring Brothers Circular quotes:—Iron.—Welsh bar Iron s quoted £6 12s. 6d. @ £6 15s. on board ship; Scotch pig iron is quoted at 53s. for mixed Nos. on the Clide

NEW SPRING GOODS. WE are now ocening an entirely new and beautiful stock of Spring Goods, which we are offering at greater bargains than ever before known in this city, and to which we

most respectfully invite the attention of the citizens of Wil-mington and surrounding country.

Our stock of ladies dress goods is complete, and of the most fashionable style; among which may be found Muslins, Bareges, DeLanes, Tissues, Challys, French Cambrics and Bareges, DeLanes, Tissues, Challys, French Cambrics and Ginghams; with 1,000 pieces of American and English Calicoes,—together with a full stock of Housekeeping and Plantation Goods, such as Sheetings, Shirtings, Towellings, Table Cloths, Tickings, Homespuns, Apron Checks, Nego Cloths, blue and white Spun Cotton, &c., &c. Our stock has been purchased since the recent great decline in prices for nett cash, and will be sold to cash buyers at a very slill advance on cost. We would inform our friends that we still advance on cost. We would inform our friends that we still adhere to the one price system, that we are willing to show our Goods, and that in no case do we urge a person to buy

from us beyond their pleasure. HEDRICK & RYAN, April 12 .- 32-tf.

NOTICE TO BUILDERS. CEALED PROPOSALS will be received until the 28th of April (inst.,) for erecting and completing a brick building for a Female College, to be erected in the town of Goldsborough, Wayne county, North Carolina, of the following dimensions, viz: The main building to be fifty by fifty feettwo wings, each fifty-five by thirty-eight feet—the walls of the main building to be forty-eight feet high from bottom of foundation; walls of the wings to be thirty-eight feet high from bottom of foundation of foundation; the first story to be finished ten feet high the second eleven feet high the third and fourth feet high, the second eleven feet high, the third and fourth each to be ten feet high. All the materials to be furnised by the contractor.

Plans and specifications can be seen, and any information given, by calling on the Rev. James H. Brent, President the Goldsborough Female College.

The bids will be directed to William K. Lane, President of the Board of Stockholders, Goldsborough, N. C.

OUR FRIENDS IN THE COUNTRY, HO may visit Wilmington, will not only find the Largest and best Assortment of Clothing at Scott Baldwin's, but they will also be enabled to select from the assortment of UMBRELLAS one of the best made article ever offered. Scott & Baldwin are the sole agents for one of the LARGEST UMBRELLA MANUFATORIES in the United States, and can sell Scotch, Gingham and Silk Umbrellas at astonishingly low figures. Don't fail to buy s

April 13th, 1855. 66T EGHORN AND BRAID FLATS."-Girls' Fin Leghorn and Braid, untrimmed Flats. Also, Wide Brita April 13, 1855. PINE PANAMA HATS.—Opened, this day, a few doze Gents' Fine Dress Panama Hats, a splendid article.
April 13, 1855

A FINE LOT of Gold Head Walking Canes, on Whale bone and Malacca Joints, just opened. C. MYERS. April 13, 1855. NOTICE TO THE PUBLIC.

THE subscriber wishes to obtain five or six Appliad him in the Machinist and Architectural b Any person or persons desirous to engage in the above bus ness, would do well to apply early, as he has great experience in the business, and will give scientific and practical instrucin the business, and will give sciences tions. For further information address D. B. JOHNSON,

April 6.—31-4m Harrells' Store, N. H. Co., N. LOST OR MISLAID.

mount of the note how. All persons are hereby forewarned against paying of the All persons are hereby forewarned against paying of the All persons are hereby forewarned against paying of the All PARKER.

W. W. PARKER.

ing for said note. April 6, 1855.

the American party from a total wreck in the State before it gets into power.

TALLOW WANTED.—The highest market prices market p